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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1893. No. 156

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BOUCHERAT & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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HIGH CLASS WINES A SPECIALTY.

Always in stock: The Leading Brands of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, Preller's Clarets and Sauternes, J. Josephin's Bourgogne, B. Bert & Co.'s Sauternes, G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, and other Principal Brands of Champagne, also Jos. Schlitz' Celebrated Milwaukee Beer, and the Leading Brands of English Ales and Porter.

WHISKIES Gooderham & Worts' Rye, and the Best Brands of Scotch and Irish Whiskies, In bulk and case.

BRANDIES Hennessy, Martel, Jules Robin, Bisquet, Dubouche, in bulk and Case.

Positively no Wines or Liquors Sold in Quantities less than two gallons or one case.

PITHER & LEISER
Successors to Boucherat & Co.

50 PER CENT.

Dry Goods at Half Price
At
THE WESTSIDE

WE OFFER THIS WEEK:
200 yds. Check Tweed, 30c., reduced to 15c.
300 yds. Bedford Cord, 44 inches wide, 40c., at 15c.
250 yds. Double Width Checked Tweed, 35c., at 20c.
400 yds. Fancy English Tweed, 50c., at 25c.
600 yds. Double Width French Twills, 50c at 25c.
450 yds. Double Width Tweeds, 75c., at 40c.
Black French Cashmeres and Fancy Black Dress Goods, at about half price.
Jackets, Capes and Blouses at Clearance Prices.

A SPECIAL LINE OF
25 doz. Suede Musquetare GLOVES, in Black and Colored, 10 button lengths, worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price, 65c.

SEE WINDOWS.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

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(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
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IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.
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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business
Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER

THE PROVIDENT SAVINGS LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ISSUES ALL THE LATEST AND MOST EQUITABLE FORMS OF INSURANCE OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.
New Business for 1892, - - - - - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, - - - 76,843,241.00
S. H. MATSON,
Manager for the Province of B.C. OFFICE: 18 Trounce Ave. (Page & Winsett.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—Evening of July 3rd, pug dog "Jeff," tagged. Please notify E.C., P.O. box 94, city. jy6-3t

FOR SALE—Fine carriage horse, good phaeton (nearly new), and set of harness; the whole will be sold at half price, or will exchange for property. Apply J. St. Clair Blackett, 74 Yates street. jy6-4t

FOR SALE—$2000—New two-story house; eight rooms, bath, pantry, four closets, outhouses, etc. Apply on premises, Laxton avenue, off Boyd street. Terms. 7-3t

FOR SALE—An interest in an old established book and stationery store, doing a good business. For particulars address Stationer, Box 21 Nanaimo, or Drawer I, Victoria. jy6-1f

DECORATION DAY.

I. O. O. F.

Members of the city Lodges, Vancouver Encampment, and Colfax Rebekah Lodge, I.O.O.F., are requested to meet at I.O.O.F. Hall, Douglas street, at 2 p.m. Sunday, July 9th, for the purpose of visiting the cemeteries and decorating the graves of deceased brethren. Visiting brethren and sisters are cordially invited to attend.

Donations of flowers by members and friends will be thankfully received, and may be left at the Hall on Saturday afternoon or Sunday morning.

P. W. DEMPSTER,
Chairman of Committee.
j6-3t

THE GRAND
CALEDONIAN GAMES
—OF THE—
St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society,
Arranged for July 4th, will take place
NEXT SATURDAY, JULY 8
1893, commencing at 1 o'clock p.m.,
AT CALEDONIA PARK.
The programmes have been issued.
EDWIN C. SMITH,
jy6-1d Secretary.

Delsarte
College of Oratory
FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President,
(President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.)
Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.
DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture, School of Physical Culture, School of Dramatic Art.
Fall Term September 12.
For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

STAMINAL
Supplies the feeding qualities of
Beef and Wheat,
And the tonic qualities of
Hypophosphites
Combined in the form of a
PALATABLE BEEF TEA.
A Valuable Food and Tonic.

UNDER DISTRESS FOR RENT.
AUCTION SALE
—ON—
Tuesday Next, the 11th July, '93
At 11 a.m.
MR. HERBERT CUTHBERT will sell on the premises, at the S. E. Corner of Broad and View Streets,
The whole of the Bar Fittings, Glassware, Furniture, Stock of Wines, Liquors and Sundries, of
THE DRIARD HOTEL BAR
To satisfy arrears of rent and costs of distress.
List of property to be sold may be seen on the premises.
For all information apply to
E. M. JOHNSON,
Address P.O. Box 185. 37 Government St., Victoria.
Telephone No. 74.

Satolli's Real Mission.

New York, July 6.—In an interview last night, Bishop McDonnell, of Brooklyn, speaking of Monsignor Satolli's authority in the matter of disagreements between bishops and priests said: "The public has a wrong impression. Monsignor Satolli is here to represent the Pope in questions of policy and dogma, and not to interfere unless interference is needed. He is arbitrator between, not a rule over the heads of the diocese."

Get Your Strawberries
Before they are all gone. Red and black currants, rhubarb, fresh vegetables and a full line of groceries, at Mrs. F. Wilson's, 185 Douglas street.

GEORGE AND MAY

Happily Wedded Amid Scenes of Regal Magnificence.

LONDON THRILLED WITH LOYALTY

Europe's Royalty Represented in the Gorgeous Throng.

Splendor of the State Pageants—All Feelings Merged in Those of Joy and Sympathy—Grand Spectacle in the Historic Chapel Royal, Windsor—High Hopes of the Royal Pair.

London, July 6.—The marriage of the Princess Victoria Mary Augusta Louisa Olga Pauline Claudine Agness, better known by the popular name of the Princess May, eldest child and only daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Teck, and Prince George Frederick Ernest Albert of Wales, Duke of York, Earl of Inverness and Baron Killarney, was solemnized at high noon to-day in the Chapel Royal of St. James.

But for interposition of Providence that possibly may be regarded as merciful, the bride of to-day might have some months ago been not only wife but mother. Originally betrothed to the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, elder brother of the bridegroom of to-day, and heir-presumptive to the British throne, the wedding was set for February 27th of 1892. Before the day appointed for the nuptials the bridegroom-elect died, and the bride exchanged the magnificent trousseau that had involved months of preparation for the habiliments of woe. This was little more than a year ago. The public grief of the Princess was short-lived, although there are those who say that Albert Victor was her first and only love, and that, borrowing a sentiment from Queen Elizabeth, she has declared that when she dies the name of Albert Victor will be found written on her heart. The death of the heir-presumptive made his brother the heir to the throne, and exigencies of state demanded that the latter should become a benedict with the least possible delay. And so it happened that within a few months after all that was mortal of the Duke of Clarence had been consigned to the mausoleum in the royal chapel at Windsor his surviving brother was assiduously occupying himself with making love to the girl who had exchanged orange blossoms for crape, and a little while later public announcement of the betrothal was made.

The match has all along been credited to Queen Victoria, who has always excelled in this particular line. Naturally enough it was perfectly satisfactory to the parents of the bride, while the Prince of Wales, whatever might have been his personal opinion, did not care to place himself in a position of antagonism toward the wishes or the whims of his royal mother. The Princess of Wales, however, had no such scruples. She protested against the match with vigor, and, according to report, there was many a family council in which she vehemently objected to the Duke of York stepping into the shoes of his dead brother and giving his name to the latter's ex-sweetheart. Intimations of the Princess' views reached the outside world, and the populace sided with her to such an extent that it was thought at one time the engagement would be declared void. But the Queen set her foot down and insisted that she would have her own way. Thereupon the arrangements for the wedding were commenced and the Princess of Wales went off to the continent and mourned in her own privacy. Her action gave great offence to the Prince of Wales, and when she returned to London he not only failed to meet her himself at the station, but also neglected to order the usual escort to await her arrival, and she was forced to drive from the station in a common, every day cab. It was only within a few weeks that she made up her mind to accept the inevitable, and signified her outward assent to the engagement by appearing in public with the betrothed couple.

London, loyal as it always is, kept holiday in honor of the day and the event. The business part of the city as well as the West End was gaily decorated. Flags floated from all the church steeples and merry peals were rung by the bells in the belfries. From the east north and south of the big city the people poured out toward the West End. Everybody wore gala raiment, and despite the tremendous growth of radicalism of late, everybody seemed to be in good humor over the fact that a prospective ruler of the realm was about to take to himself a consort, who some day would be queen consort of Great Britain. The military and police were less officious than usual, and instead of being kept at a respectful distance the populace was permitted to line the streets over which the royal processions were to pass. They certainly received a sufficient reward for their patriotism, for in the course of an hour and a half no less than four such processions were presented to their vision.

The first consisted of members of the Queen's family and representatives of family relatives living abroad. Then there was a delay of half an hour before the second procession, that of the bridegroom, who sat in a carriage with the Princess of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh, while the three carriages were occupied by the household officers of the Princes. The royal procession proper left Buckingham Palace precisely at 12 o'clock, the Queen occupying a semi-state gold coach drawn by four cream-colored horses, a coachman replacing the usual postillions. Seated in the carriage with her majesty was the bride's mother, the Duchess of Teck and the Prince and Princess of Wales, the mother of the groom, while in the following carriages were the Princess Beatrice, her husband, Prince Henry of Battenberg, the Grand Duke of Hesse and other relatives of royalty. The Queen's carriage was preceded by a mounted detachment of the Life Guards.

It was half-past twelve when the semi-state carriage, containing the bride, her father, the Duke of Teck, and her eldest brother, Prince Adolphus of Teck, left Buckingham Palace under the escort of a detachment of Life Guards. The bride looked radiant and smiling. The route of the four processions was from Buckingham Palace by way of Constitution Hill, Piccadilly, St. James street, Marlborough Gate to St. James' Palace, entering by the garden entrance. All along the route the spectators were enthusiastic, the Princess of Wales, the Queen and the bride especially coming in for a hearty reception.

Pending the arrival of the Queen the guests of the occasion had been admitted to the chapel and assigned to their various seats in the order of precedence. Owing to the limited space the total number of guests was less than four hundred. Platforms had been erected along the east and west aisles of the chapel, leaving a central avenue for entrance to the altar. Here a dais had been built to a level with the communion railing, so that the nuptials took place in full view of the entire assemblage. The decorations were not elaborate, one Imperial standard hanging from the dome and groups of foliage plants and flowers in bloom being placed in the corners of the edifice and within the chancel railing.

Mr. Gladstone and the Marquis of Salisbury were among the early arrivals, and between 11 and 12 o'clock the interior filled up rapidly. The pews on the right and left of the centre aisle immediately in front of the altar were reserved for King Christian of Denmark, father of the Princess of Wales, and grandfather of the bridegroom, acompanied by Queen Louise, the Czarowitch, the official representative of the Czar of Russia, Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia, representing the German Imperial family, Princess Frederick Charles of Hesse, representing the Empress Frederick, Count of Turin representing the King of Italy, Prince George of Greece, representing the King of the Hellenes, the Duke and Duchess Albert of Wurtemburg, representing the King and Queen of Wurtemburg, the Crown Prince of Sweden, the Grand Duke and Duchess Sergius Alexandrovitch, the Duke of Oporto, representing the King of Portugal, Prince Albert, nephew of and representing the King of Belgians, Princess Philip of Saxe Cobourg Gotha, representing the Queen of the Belgians, the Archduke Joseph, representing the Emperor of Austria, and Prince Philip of Saxe Coburg Kohary. To the right and left of the centre aisle behind these, were the members of the present and late cabinets, and the ladies of the court, the gentlemen wearing levee dress and the ladies in semi-state or morning costumes without bonnets. The toilettes were magnificent as befitted the occasion. None of the guests were seated, but remained standing after being escorted to their proper positions.

On her arrival at the garden entrance the Queen proceeded direct to the chapel, and was escorted by the Lord Chamberlain, the Garter Principal King at Arms, and the great officers of the household to her chair of state upon the haut pas. Meanwhile the Duke of York had been conducted to the presence chamber, where the procession was formed by the Lord Chamberlain and Vice-Chamberlain as soon as the Queen had taken her place. He was accompanied to the altar by the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh, and seated on the right of the Queen's chair. The Lord Chamberlain then proceeded to the royal closet where the bride and bridesmaids were awaiting their summons.

The bridesmaids were Lady Margaret Grosvenor, third daughter of the Duke of Westminster, Lady Dorothea Murray, daughter of the Duke of Athol, Lady Alexandra Hamilton, daughter of the Duke of Abercorn, Lady Catharine Thynne, daughter of the Marquis of Bath, Lady Evelyn Lindsay, daughter of the Earl of Crawford, Lady Victoria Leveson-Gower, daughter of the late Duke of Sutherland, Lady Eva Greville, daughter of the Earl of Warwick, and Lady Gertrude Molyneux. These selections were in accordance with court etiquette, custom prescribing that of the eight bridesmaids, two should be daughters of dukes, two of marquises, and four of earls.

The Lord Chamberlain having signified that everything was in readiness the princess, supported by the Duke of Cambridge and the Duke of Teck, and followed by the bridesmaids, was conducted down the aisle. The bridal costume was of white silk, elaborately trimmed with Honiton lace and orange blossoms. The bridesmaids were in toilettes of white muslin trimmed with silver and May blossoms, in compliment to the bride's pet name. As soon as the bride had reached the chancel railing the Duke of York stepped to her side and the Archbishop of Canterbury, who, with the Rev. Dr. Sheppard, dean of the chapel royal, both attired in episcopal robes, was in waiting, commenced to read the marriage service of the Episcopal church. The ceremony occupied a few minutes. The Princess was given away by her father and the Duke of Cambridge, while the Queen and the Prince of Wales acted as sponsors for the groom. The latter made his response in a low tone, with evident nervousness of manner, while the bride spoke clearly and distinctly.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the processions re-formed and returned to the presence chamber, while the clergy, the Queen, the newly married couple, and the royal participants were conducted to the throne room, where the registry of the marriage was formally attested. Upon the return to Buckingham Palace the wedding breakfast was served for the royal family and the royal guests in the state dining room, while a second breakfast for guests other than royalty was set in the supper room. The Queen herself proposed the toast to the bride and bridesmaids, and the Duke of York briefly responded. The Queen's health was toasted by the lord steward. After breakfast the happy couple had a brief reception in the picture gallery, and after the bride had exchanged her wedding

(Continued on page 8.)

ROYALIST PLOTTERS

There Were Men Ready to Shed Blood for Liliuokalani.

TRAITORS BETRAYED THE SCHEME

Spreckels Was Counted Upon for One Million Dollars.

A List of the Conspirators in the Government's Hands—Crick, Walker and Sinclair Only Tools—They Will Probably Turn States Evidence—There Will Then be a Sensation.

San Francisco, July 6.—The steamer Mariposa arrived from Sydney, via Honolulu, at 8.30 this morning. The Mariposa left Honolulu one day later than the Belgic, which arrived yesterday.

Testimony for the prosecution in the preliminary examination of Walter Crick and Sinclair, arrested on a charge of conspiracy, was continued on the afternoon of June 28. Thomas Wright testified that he knew Walker, who advised him not to join the rifle company, giving as a reason for his advice that there might be trouble, as he did not want any of his friends to get hurt. Simon Von Topaz, member of the regular company, said that during a conversation with Walker the latter informed him that everything would be changed soon, as the provisional government was to be overturned. Walker told him to advise the members of the company to lay down their arms and not fight in case there was any trouble. He wanted witness to get the names of those who would consent to turn traitors, so that he could give a list to the queen. In return for this witness was to get a position in the custom house as soon as the old order of things was restored. Walker said that he had 300 men, and if the provisional government attempted to interfere with the queen it would find out that the queen had men to protect her. He also said that the royalists had good backers, among whom was Claus Spreckels. A. S. Prescott testified that he belonged to the company of which Von Topaz is a member. He saw Walker and Sinclair on June 21st. Von Topaz was present at the time. Walker in stating his plan said that Spreckels and Campbell were to assist with large sums of money, Spreckels with one million and Campbell with one-half that amount. Witness said that Walker informed him that the assault on the government was to be made if the decision of the United States was against them.

The fact that a list of the conspirators is in the possession of the provisional government leaked out to-day, and there are many uneasy royalists in town. It is the hope of the government that they will have a strong case against Crick, Walker and Sinclair, and that these three, who are believed to be only tools of more prominent men, seeing that conviction is certain, will turn state's evidence in the hope of getting off themselves.

After the examination of several other witnesses the prosecution rested its case, but it is thought it has evidence of a still more conclusive nature, which is being reserved for the regular trial of the prisoners.

Deputy Sheriff Stutz was shot and killed on the 27th by a leper at the isolated valley of Kalalau, where he had gone in the expectation of removing them to Molokai.

The S. S. Miowera arrived at Brisbane July 4th.

Claus Spreckels at the last moment did not return to San Francisco, and only his son and daughter arrived on the Mariposa to-day.

McCARTHY'S DEFIANCE.

He Issues a Sweeping Challange to the Government.

Ottawa, July 6.—A Toronto gentleman here to-day says that before leaving for England Dalton McCarthy gave a list of twenty constituencies to the government which he challenged them to open, even in his absence, claiming that all of them would return supporters of his. This gentleman admits that twelve of these would go to McCarthy.

The official report of the commission appointed by the Russian government to investigate the seizure of the Canadian sealers has been received here. The report says that the seizure of all the vessels was justifiable except those of the Willie McGowan and Ariel, in which cases compensation is offered.

The Camperdown's Injuries.

Valetta, Malta, July 6.—The British battle ship Camperdown, which ran into and sank the Victoria, was placed in dock here to-day to repair. As she came out of the water it was seen that her stem had been broken off just under the torpedo tube, about nine feet down, her ram bent over towards the port side, and six plates, three on each side, damaged.

Phelps on Seal Life.

Paris, July 6.—Hon. J. E. Phelps, of counsel for the United States, continued his closing address before the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration to-day. He reviewed the evidence submitted to the tribunal to show the effects of pelagic sealing upon the herds. Phelps claimed that the evidence showed that the catch of pelagic hunters consisted entirely of female seals. Those caught in the Pacific Ocean, he said, were mostly pregnant, while those caught in Behring Sea were chiefly nursing mothers which were out at sea seeking food; pups of those mothers died on the islands from starvation.

Linerusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weiler Bros.

THORNHILL CATASTROPHE.

Little Hope of Saving Any of the Unfortunate Miners.

London, July 5.—The work of rescuing the living miners and of recovering the bodies of the dead is being pushed as rapidly as possible in Ingram's colliery, Thornhill, Yorkshire, the scene of yesterday's disastrous explosion that killed 156 men. Volunteers for the work of rescue are plentiful, and the miners are working their way into the furthermost workings of the mine as fast as can be expected in view of the fact that they have to remove enormous quantities of debris from the galleries. Little progress was made last night, as the inner workings were still full of gas, and the rescuing party could get only a little distance from the shaft. Thus far the bodies of thirty-eight dead miners, some of them terribly burned or crushed, have been sent to the surface. Other bodies can be seen in different parts of the mine, but they are pinned down with rocks and timbers, and it will require skill and time to remove them. The bodies of some of the men do not show a sign of how death was caused. The men were not killed by the effects of the explosion, but by the choke damp that filled the mine after the explosive gas had taken fire. The air at the pit is comparatively good to-day, and this leads to the hope that some of the men may have reached places of safety and are still alive. It also allows the rescuers to work more rapidly than they could have done in gas-impregnated air. Many women and children are lingering about the mouth of the pit and many distressing scenes are witnessed as the bodies of the dead are brought up and exposed for identification. It is believed that of the 145 men in the mine at the time of the explosion at least 110 are dead.

Late this evening the rescuers had brought 28 bodies to the surface. Two men were brought up in an unconscious condition, but still breathing. The physicians have been around the pit's mouth nearly all the time since the accident occurred, and they took them in charge, and hopes are entertained that they will recover. Six men who had sustained no injuries whatever, but had been imprisoned behind a huge mass of debris, were dug out this evening. When they appeared at the mouth of the pit they were greeted in a most touching manner by their relatives. No reason has been given for the explosion, but the conjecture is that it was caused by carelessness on the part of one of the miners in opening his lamp.

Eight men and a boy have been rescued from the mine. All hope for the others in the pit has been abandoned. The bodies of the victims are being brought to the surface. The scenes at the mouth of the pit as the bodies are brought up and recognized by the relatives and friends of the dead are most distressing.

Behring Sea Tribunal.

Paris, July 5.—In the course of his remarks Counsel Phelps, in the Behring Sea case to-day, declared that the value of the sealing industry was the chief consideration in the purchase of Alaska by the United States. The country has few other products of prospective value. The pelagic sealers included many Americans, who were getting their vessels registered as British or Canadian sealers. A limited number of these hunters consisted of persons of other vocations, who entered the sealing business as a speculation. Many persons in London were employed in the trade of dressing sealskins, and Great Britain should therefore endeavor to preserve the seal herds in order that those people might have employment.

Lightning's Vivid Power.

Georgetown, Mich., July 5.—E. M. Babcock, wife and child, of Fostoria, Mich., came here on the 4th of July to visit Mrs. Babcock's father, Allen Roberts, who lives in Grant township, four and a quarter miles northeast of this place. The family consisted of father, mother and seven children, and they all went down to Cass City to take in the celebration, returning at about 1 o'clock this morning. About 3 o'clock Mrs. Roberts' son was awakened by the smell of smoke and found his bed clothes on fire. He aroused his brother and his guest, Mr. George Frost, of Silverwood, Mich., who was also visiting the family. Young Roberts jumped out of the chamber window on the second floor and rushed to his father's bedroom window on the first floor. He finally succeeded in rescuing his father, mother and little sister. His elder brother and sister also made their escape, but Mr. Babcock, his wife and child, and Mr. George Frost perished in the flames. The seven-year-old son of Mr. Roberts was also burned to death. Thus five persons were burned, nothing remaining but their charred trunks. The heads and limbs were all burned off, with the exception of that of Mr. Frost. There is only one theory as to the cause of this terrible accident. It is that during the rain and thunder storm which was prevailing early this morning the lightning struck the house and set it on fire. The inmates, returning late, worn out by the day's tramp, were probably never aroused and were suffocated long before the flames reached them.

River Boarding House Burned.

St. Paul, Minn., July 5.—The big steamer Bethel, anchored at the foot of Sibley street, and used for the past three years as a lodging and boarding house for about 200 poor people, was burned to the water's edge at 11 o'clock to-night. Six lives are at least lost and several are missing, but whether they were drowned or disappeared in the crowd will not be known until to-morrow. At the time the fire broke out there were fifty persons asleep on the Bethel. So rapid was the progress of the flames that those aboard the boat had to jump for their lives in their night clothes. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp in the washroom. Five engines were at the fire within three minutes after it broke out, but their work was of little avail. A lot of kerosene had been allowed to leak down the sides of the boat near the washroom, and the great vessel burned like tinder. At least twenty persons were injured seriously by jumping. A dozen cars of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, standing near the fire, were burned.

The Canada-Australia Line.

San Francisco, July 5.—By advices received to-day from the United Press correspondent at Honolulu, the following important information regarding the latest moves of the Canadian Pacific railway has been received: The Canadian Pacific Steamship line recently established between Vancouver and Australia, with Honolulu as a stopping point, is beginning to reach after business in a manner that will probably be interesting to San Francisco. Early in July the Warrimoo will arrive from Australia. On her will be made a shipment of 10,000 bags of rice billed through to Portland, Oregon. The shipment will be made by M. Greenebaum & Co., who handle about two-thirds of the Hawaiian rice crop. In an interview Mr. Greenebaum said: "This shipment is merely opening the wedge of an effort to take from San Francisco a large part of her commerce. The Canadian Pacific railway must build up business for its line, and its steamship company has made concessions to many firms that are far beyond any that can be obtained from an American transportation company. My firm ships yearly to San Francisco 125,000 bags of rice, and it has been distributed from that centre. The Canadian Pacific has offered me through bills of lading to any point which I may deshe to ship at rates that are much lower than are granted by the Southern Pacific company. The new company does not stop here," continues Mr. Greenebaum, "it has made overtures to other firms here, and will ship to them goods bought direct from the manufacturers, which have heretofore been purchased in San Francisco."

The Pitt Diamond.

The publication of the Dropmore papers last year by the Historical Manuscripts Commission has put within our reach a quantity of additional information which was not available to Sir H. Yule. To some of the more important points thus made available I now propose to direct attention.

The native merchant from whom Pitt purchased the diamond is generally called Jamchund in works on precious stones for which impossible name Sir Henry substituted Jaurchund; but the Dropmore papers' rendering of the name is Ramchund, which is probably correct. The name Surapa, that of a black merchant of Madras who is often mentioned, is given as Sir Henry says it should be, though it was corrupted in the documents to which he had access.

Pitt was much discontented with the great reduction in the weight from 410 to 136 3-4 carats, which, owing to flaws, the diamond underwent in the hands of the cutter, Mr. Cope, who at first estimated that its final weight would be 280 carats. He also complained at the prices at which the pieces sawn off were sold, though ultimately he was pacified regarding them. Repeatedly he writes that he will never part with the stone for less than £1500 a carat (or about £200,000).

As to the price he paid for it, it is clear that it did not exceed, as stated in his Bergen manifesto, 48,000 pagodas (or about £24,000), though in a letter to his son Robert, dated Oct. 15, 1702, he writes: "If any should be inquisitive (I mean Sir Stephen or Mr. Alvarez) what that (the great diamond) cost, you may tell them about 130,000 pagodas." But Pitt did not stick at such trifles; he even denied to his wife and others, by letter, the truth of the rumor that he possessed the diamond.—The Athenaeum.

Foreign.

Manila, July 5.—The Spanish steamer Don Juan is reported abandoned afire at sea off Union. Some of the passengers and crew were saved.

London, July 5.—The Lancet says that there have been 702 deaths from cholera in the southern part of France since May, and that during the last four weeks there were 138 deaths from the same disease in Marseilles, 53 in Cette and 15 in Toulon.

Drink Tamilkande Tea.

THE PARISIAN EMEUTE.

Bloodshed and Tumult Continue in the Streets.

Paris, July 5.—The police stopped the omnibus and tramway traffic on the Boulevard St. Michel and the Faubourg St. Germain at noon. The patrols prevented groups from forming on the streets. There has been no further rioting. Several of those arrested for taking part in the riots have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from a week to two months. The arrest of several convalescent patients who hissed the police from the windows of the Charite hospital, has called forth a letter of protest from Prof. Goemain.

Rioting was resumed at 9:30 to-night. A mob on the Boulevard Michel assumed a threatening attitude, and the police charged upon the crowd, driving the rioters down the Rue d'Ecole as far as the Place Maubert. There the mob made a determined stand, showering stones and every kind of missile on the police. A hand-to-hand fight followed, and the struggle continued until the police were reinforced by a large force of militiamen and guards, when the rioters were dispersed. In the meantime a body of police and Republican guards had driven off the turbulent crowds that had assembled in the vicinity of the labor exchange, which is occupied by troops.

At 11 o'clock there was a sanguinary encounter on the Rue d'Ecole. The exact details are wanting, but it is known that the Republican guards charged the rioters with drawn swords and that the police opened fire with revolvers upon the mob. One man was killed on the spot by a cut from a sabre. Others were taken to neighboring drug stores, where their wounds were dressed. Another mob upset and set fire to a tram car on the Rue Monge. The car was burned to ashes by the time the firemen arrived on the scene. It is believed that petroleum was used to destroy the car. An assistant brigadier of police was found drowned near the Grenelle bridge and is supposed to have been put in the water by the mob. Two hundred persons were arrested to-night for participating in the disturbances. The streets are now deserted.

London, July 6.—The Standard's correspondent at Paris says that three policemen were thrown into the Seine by the mob during the rioting yesterday.

American News.

San Diego, July 5.—Bank Examiner Pauly yesterday received definite instructions from Comptroller Eccles authorizing the First National Bank of this city to resume business this morning. The officers of the bank are naturally very jubilant that the institution has so thoroughly proved its soundness, and point to the fact that theirs' is the first national bank in the state, or for that matter the first bank to resume business west of the Missouri after the panic. The bank was accordingly turned over by the examiner to the officers without reservation and was opened promptly at 10 this morning. Absolute confidence has been established; heavy deposits are being made and there are no withdrawals.

Rome, July 5.—Negotiations are proceeding between the governments of Italy, France, Belgium and Switzerland to protect the interests of the nations composing the Latin Union, in consequence of the action of the government of India in regard to the silver currency of that country. It is believed that none of the members of the Union will withdraw from it. In Berne the minting of one-half, one and two franc pieces has been almost suspended. A few five-franc pieces are still being coined.

London, July 5.—The Duke of York was to-day made a Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, by Queen Victoria. Dr. Wm. H. Broadbent, the physician ho attended the Duke of York during his attack of typhoid, some time ago, also came in for recognition by Her Majesty, who created him a baron.

Washington, July 5.—Acting Mint Director Preston did not purchase any silver to-day, as he considered the offers made too high. No silver will be purchased by the government until Friday, and not then if the offers are at figures higher than Mr. Preston thinks they should be. The amount of silver offered to-day was 530,000 ounces.

New York, July 4.—The executive board of the American Federation of Labor at a meeting yesterday adopted a resolution to the effect that the executive council arrange for an interview with President Cleveland for the purpose of urging the adoption of an eight-hour law, and also to protest against any understanding between the United States and China to annul or modify the Chinese Exclusion act. The executive council is to report at a meeting to be held after the interview with the President.

Silver Echoes.

New York, July 5.—In an interview, Senator Jones, of Nevada, said yesterday:—"We silver men can be depended upon to make stubborn resistance to the repeal of the Sherman Act, unless we are given a fair substitute. I am not saying what substitute we would accept, short of the absolute free coinage of the white metal." Congressman Francis J. Newlands, of Nevada, who has been in Washington consulting with General Warner, returned to town last evening. He and Senator Jones are going to drum up recruits in the gold states so far as they can, so that the silver states shall have at least a showing of sympathy from the east.

Denver, Colorado, July 5.—At Cripple Creek, and in some of the other mining camps of Colorado, flags were at half-mast to-day, as an expression of the feeling of the inhabitants on account of the determination of the administration to demonetize silver. Populists celebrated the fourth with a grand picnic at Erie. Judge A. S. Frost of Denver was orator. He said:—"The toilers of the country feel that they reap not the first fruits of their toil. A revolution is at hand, and I trust God it will be a peaceful one. A minority of less than 25,000 persons governs and makes the laws for 62,000,000. You ask, 'how is that?' I answer, 'less than 25,000 persons own and control one-half of the wealth.'" Judge R. A. Roger, formerly of New Jersey waged war for silver at the ratio of 16 to1.

Literary Lucidity Undesirable.

Prof. Wm. Minto, M. A., LL. D., who has recently died in England, wrote a little treatise, published about the time of his death, entitled "Plain Principles of Prose Composition," in which he gives to beginners this astonishing advice: "Except in avowedly didactic treatises, the endeavor to be lucid and simple is thankless labor * * * It is only fair to warn the beginner that if he writes lucidly many honest folk will set him down as a shallow thinker. Intricacy of expression often gets a man credit for profundity, if his ideas are sufficiently commonplace. We believe that he agrees with us, and fancy that he sees grounds too deep to be expressed."

It is likely that the sports at the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society's picnic on Saturday will be better than it would have been had they been held yesterday. There will be a larger number of contestants and if the weather is fine a much larger attendance.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itchin and stinging (most at night) worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tu&w

Northern Pacific.

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

THE FLAG IS HIS.

CANADA.—"It has been trailed in the mire and been used as a screen for tariff robbery too long. Take it Wilfrid: your policy is both patriotic and loya and entitles you to carry it henceforth."

...ston
of Lewisburg, ... suffered untold agony from broken varicose veins, with intense itching and burning. On the recommendation of a physician she took

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and used Hood's Olive Ointment. Soon the ulcers began to heal, the inflammation ceased, she was completely cured, and says, "I enjoy health as I have not for many years."

"We are personally acquainted with Mrs. Aiten and know the above to be true." J. S. GRIFFIN & SON, Lewisburg, Pa.

HOOD'S P... Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 1, Moody Block. Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf

Naval Contracts.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Tuesday, 1st of August next, for supplying such quantities of soft bread, salt beef, lime, coffins, and digging graves as may be required for naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tenders can be obtained at this office.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, etc.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 1 July, 1893. j3-td

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as proprietors of the American Hotel, Victoria, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and the interest of Robert Dudgeon having been purchased by Robert Greaves, the business of the late firm will henceforth be continued under the firm name of "Brice & Greaves."

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1893.

ROBERT DUDGEON,
HARRY BRICE.

Witness, Geo. Jay jr. j4-2t

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to five o'clock of Wednesday, July 14th, 1893, for the erection and completion of a residence on Dallas Road, for Hedly Chapman, Esq. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.

THOMAS HOOPER,
Architect.

jy2-3t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a general and a special general meeting of the Shareholders of the Nakusp and Slocan Railway Company will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 28 Fort street, in the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 9th day of August, 1893, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon;

For the purpose of electing Directors of the Company;

And for the purpose of obtaining the approval of the Shareholders to an agreement for the leasing and hiring of the Railway to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the railway to be operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

By order of the Board.

A. J. WEAVER BRIDGMAN,
July 5-12,19,26 Secretary-Treas.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between John T. Pierre and T. W. Pierre, doing business as merchant tailors at the Victoria Tailoring and Dying Establishment, at No. 100 Douglas street, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by John T. Pierre, at the same place, who will collect all bills and assume all liabilities of the late firm.

(Signed) JOHN T. PIERRE,
THOS. W. PIERRE.

Victoria, B. C., July 1st, 1893. j5-6t

NOTICE

The partnership heretofore existing between John Coigdarripe and Luke Pither, carrying on business on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Boucherat & Co., wine and spirit merchants, was dissolved on the 1st day of April last by mutual consent, Max Leiser having purchased the interest of John Coigdarripe in the said firm.

The business of the firm will be continued by Messrs. Luke Pither and Max Leiser, upon the same premises under the firm name of Pither & Leiser, successors to Boucherat & Co., and they have assumed all the liabilities of the old firm.

Dated this 14th day of June, 1893.

J. COIGDARRIPE,
LUKE PITHER,
MAX LEISER.

Witness:—
GEORGE JAY, Jr. je14-1m

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA B.C

TRADE MARK
BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

—OR—

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. Baker & Co.'s

Breakfast Cocoa,

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

A Novel

—FOR—

3⅓ cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

The Victoria Times Coupon.

Your Address, No. ..... Street
Town or City .....
Your Name .....
Numbers of the 3 Books Wanted .....

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDEFELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filled pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

AUCTION SALES.

MORTGAGEE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which shall be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, H. Cuthbert & Company, Auctioneers, at their sales room, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B.C., on

Friday, 7th July, 1893, at 11 a. m.,

The following property, viz:

All those parcels or lots of land situate in Metchosin District, Province of British Columbia, containing altogether, 667 acres, more or less, and known as and numbered on the official map of said

Metchosin District, Sections 29, 30, 40, 41 & 42;

Also all those parcels or lots of land situate in Lake District, Province of British Columbia, containing 92½ acres, more or less, and known as and numbered on the official map of said

Lake District, Sections 2 and 101.

For further particulars apply to C. E. Pooley, of 47 Langley Street, Victoria, B.C., Mortgagee's Solicitor, or to

HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

ju23-12t

Auction Sale

REGARDLESS OF COST.

By Order of the Court.

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday

July 5, 6 and 7,

And following days if necessary.

Gold and Silver Watches, Alberts, Chains, Rings, Brooches, Ear Rings, Charms, Pendants, Bracelets, Medals, Cigar Boxes, Cigarette Cases, Solid Silver and Electroplated Dinner, Tea, Breakfast and Dessert Ware, Articles of Vertu, Large Regulator, Clocks, Birthday and Wedding Gifts, etc.

H. CUTHBERT & CO., AUCTIONEERS,

Are instructed by Mr. J. C. Prevost, Esq., Receiver under order of Supreme Court of British Columbia, to sell by auction, as per catalogue to be ready day previous to sale, the whole of Jackson & Myllus' stock of

JEWELRY, ETC.

On the premises as above. Also the valuable FIXTURES AND FITTINGS, comprising handsome window and electric light fittings, 3 valuable wall show cases, 3 counter ditto, 90 yards of Linoleum, cabinet of watch glasses, heating stove one LARGE TAYLOR SAFE, with double doors and quite equal to new.

Sale to commence each day at 2 p.m.

Terms Cash

HERBERT CUTHBERT, Auctioneer.

ju30-5t

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by Mrs. R. P. Whittaker, to sell by Public Auction, at her residence, 63 Pandora St., city, on

FRIDAY, JULY 7th, 1893, AT 11 A. M.,

All her well kept Furniture and Household Effects, comprising: Carpets, linoleum, double and single bedsteads, curtains, poles and rings, window blinds, spring mattresses, bolsters and feather pillows, crockery, glassware, stove and kitchen utensils. Goods can be seen on day before sale.

Terms cash. Goods delivered same day.

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer, 40 Yates St., Victoria

j5-td

An Atlantic Voyage

Tickets for passage to or from Great Britain and Europe issued at LOWEST RATES. Berths reserved by telegraph without extra charge.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,

AGENTS,

Cunard, Inman and White Star Steamship Lines

Notice Our Prices In the Window We Will meet any And all Competition. Our Stock Is Fresh and Well Assorted.

Franck's Grocery,

COR. FORT & QUADRA STS.

TELEPHONE 804.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent
Cor. Fort and Gov't St.

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

If you only knew how nice it is--Tamilkande Tea.

GREAT WALL OF CHINA.

THE ENORMOUS DIFFICULTIES OF ITS CONSTRUCTION.

Incredible Stories Told of the Work—Skilled and Unskilled Workmen Employed—An Engineer's Wonder Increases as He Studies It—Interesting Statistics.

The Chinese say that one-third of the whole population was forced to work on the wall, but that means, of course, the population adjacent to the wall, says a writer in the Engineering Magazine. Another story—that it was completed in ten years—is incredible, though it has been carelessly accepted by some historians. When we regard the character of the work we see as usual two classes of laborers employed—the skilled and unskilled. The carrying of materials was probably done entirely by men and women, and an immense amount of this crude labor was needed for making brick, mixing mortar and tamping. Achievements like this are not wonderful in China, which was a thickly populated country twenty centuries ago. History says that an army of 300,000 or 400,000 men were sent to drive the northern barbarians back and was retained in the country for the purpose of building the wall. No doubt the available local population was also pressed into the work.

Such dispositions explain the provision of crude labor, but since my experience in China I have always wondered where the skilled workmen came from. Aside from four square feet of rock surfacing for the foundation there would be from thirty to forty square feet of squaring and facing on granite for each foot of the wall. I have had this work done in China. My engine foundations were of granite got out of river boulders, as the wall blocks undoubtedly were, and after an experience of the tedious slowness of Chinese workmen I look at the wall with great respect. It must have been a tremendous task to collect men enough to do the work. China is distinctly a country of mud and brick habitations. Stonework in dressed materials is by no means common, and I should say that at the present day there are not stonecutters enough in China to make a visible impression upon 250 miles of new wall in ten years.

In brick making my wonder took another direction. The large bricks used in the wall, containing nearly one and two-thirds cubic feet each, required not only the best skill, but the best clay. The labor could be obtained, but my experience in the country of the great wall taught me that supplies of proper clay were few and far between. Several months passed before we could find any available clay nearer than thirty miles from the mine and the supply obtained there was too poor for making large brick. The makers of the wall must have been hard pushed to find what they wanted and it is probable that the whole great bulk of the brickwork was transported overland, principally by human carriers, for distances of at least thirty miles, besides its distribution along the wall.

The quantities of material used in the wall are not remarkable when compared with modern railroad building, but the expenditure of labor probably surpassed anything we know. We have almost eliminated labor from transportation, brickmaking and lifting to the top of the growing wall. With the Chinese every one of these tasks called for an army of men. The provision of say 20,000,000 yards of earth filling was probably the least part of the task. Nowadays no engineer would hesitate to contract for 500 miles of railway embankment in China, and he would lay it up with the basket and hoe just as the wall builders did. Lime-burning and mixing, laying up the wall, and tramping the filling were by comparison the minor divisions of the work, though they, too, would call for an immense number of men.

The provisioning of all these non-producers was a task for a general. The quantity of food consumed by a vegetarian is immense, and the neighborhood of the wall is not a fertile region. With only 1,000 men to provide for I had to send 100 miles for grain, and I doubt extremely if 500,000 men, in addition to the ordinary population, could be maintained to-day along the line of the wall on supplies obtained within 100 miles of both sides.

Referred Him to the Bible.

The physician was young, so was the patient the case was strange, none of the symptoms corresponded with any known disease, the physician was perplexed, he came every day, the patient grew worse, nothing seemed of the least use, says the London Queen. Presently the physician began to suspect something; the trouble was mental, perhaps—of the heart, perhaps. He watched and waited; his suspicions grew stronger, at last he charged the patient with the thing. "I believe," he said, "that there is nothing in the world the matter with you but that you are in love." With blushes and tears the patient confessed that this and nothing else was devouring her, so that she was growing worse and worse daily. "And does the man know?" "Alas!" she replied, "he does not even suspect." "Can you tell him?" "Never." "Will you tell me, then? I might at least advise." She hung her head and hesitated. "Come," he said, with kindly encouragement, "tell me all; make a clean breast of it. It will do you no harm and may do you good. Besides, a physician is a father confessor." "Since you have asked me," she replied with some confusion, "come to-morrow. Then * * * perhaps—if I can—I will tell you." On the morrow he arrived. The patient placed in his hand a slip of paper and left him hurriedly. He opened the paper and read—2 Sam. xii., 7. This text you may look up, unless you know the story already.

A Funny Hallucination.

A female lunatic in England is of the opinion that she is an envelope containing a letter, and with this idea she fixes a stamp on her forehead and imagines that she goes through the post to visit her relatives. The following day she sticks another stamp on for the return journey.

Helpful Hints.

Cling to wool underwear while the mercury registers the freezing point.

Who has attempted to retint the faded straw hat by applying oil paint with a tooth brush?

Wearing kid gloves when sweeping tends to keep the hands soft.

A Fate to be Avoided.

"Why have you never learned to use tobacco?"

"Oh, I don't want to live to be one hundred and fourteen."

PONTO AS A MIND READER.

A Russian Dog Which Goes into Hypnotic Trances and Does Strange Tricks.

All St. Petersburg has gone wild over something new, a dog which goes off into hypnotic trances. This remarkable animal belongs to M. Durov, who was awarded a gold medal by the Paris academy of sciences for his original investigation and discoveries in the science of hypnotism as applied to animals and its effects upon them. Several tests have been made of the animal in the presence of no less a person than Dr. Afanasiev, of the war department. One of the tests related to the New York Recorder, consisted in placing several articles, as a pencil, cigar case, handkerchief, cuff button, etc., on the floor. Then the dog, having been thrown into a hypnotic trance by him, M. Durov requested one of the audience, which consisted also of several other physicians of renown and some newspaper men, to think about something and what the dog was to do with it, then to write it out on a piece of paper and show it to the rest of the audience, excepting, of course, himself. This was done, and the dog having been brought in, what was the astonishment of the whole assemblage to see the animal go up to the cigar case, pick it up and bring it to the one who had been indicated in the wish. Another test consisted in laying several cubes with figures on them in a certain order in a closed box. At the same time several pieces of paper were put upon the floor bearing like numbers on each. The dog was then called in and required to place the pieces of paper in the same order as the cubes were laid in the closed and sealed box. This he did, to the astonishment of all assembled. The strangeness of the whole procedure is increased when it is remembered that M. Durov knows no more about what is being done or wished than does the dog, and is, therefore, entirely unable to in any way prompt him.

A Diabolical Soup-Bone.

"Yes," meditatively said the bachelor to the other man. "I would have been a prosy old married man like you by this time if it had not been for the meddlesome intervention of a soup-bone. Some months ago I was very much impressed with a little typewriter girl in our office. She was bright, pretty, had a dainty figure and wore such neat toilets that half the men in the place were more or less daft after her. I was too bashful to ask her if I might call on her, and one night over my late cigar I evolved a business method of settling my fate. I would go early to the office next morning—she was usually the first clerk down—I would send the porter out upon an errand, and then dictate a letter to her asking her to marry me. Wasn't that a brilliant scheme? But she was not there, and did not come in until 9 o'clock. Later in the day I overheard her tell another girl what had detained her. The cook at her boarding-house had gone out to buy meat for breakfast; she entered the butcher-shop just as the butcher, in anger, threw a soup-bone at his assistant; the cook intercepted the soup-bone, was felled insensible, and, being unknown to the butcher, was carried off to the hospital. The boarders waited for their breakfast, and my romantic intentions were chilled beyond resuscitation—so here I am, a dismal bachelor, the victim of a contemptible, mean, little 5-cent soup-bone."—Indianapolis Journal.

For the Tea Table.

For all the pretty impediments of the afternoon tea table there is still nothing so popular as drawn linen. There is a tendency to show less and less of the linen. Some of the cloths, doilies, or tea cozies are as filmy in effect as morsels of fine lace. Old-gold silk is freely introduced upon trimming of the tea cloths, and gives a particular rich appearance but other examples—particularly those worked in the favorite lace hemstitch—are left in the purity of absolute freshness. Beside the white linen in its many applications of pillow shams, toilet covers, sideboard cloths, and the like, to the colored varieties it is noticeable that "grandmother's linen" is being much used. This is dyed in all the delicate colors. The idea of age is well shown in a night robe which is an exact copy of one over 100 years old. The linen for this is a golden brown, with the embroidery showing a conventional design in daisies, and it is worked solidly in white.

Eating a Pineapple.

There has been much written and said about how to eat an orange, but never a word as to how to eat a pineapple, until now. The Florida Dispatch says: "As it is with a roast of beef so with the pineapple; no one would think of cutting a roast of beef with the grain and expect to have a tender roast. The pineapple has a fiber running from center to circumference, and to have it tender it should be nicely pared and all the eyes cut out, as there is a sharp spear like a nettle in each eye or cavity where the seed forms, and often, in eating the pine those nettles pierce the tongue and lips and make the mouth sore. After it is nicely pared then slice the pine vertically; keep turning the apple and slicing off the outside until the core is reached, and then you can eat the fruit without fear of sore mouth and it will be tender and juicy and luscious, as you have cut across the fiber."

A House Laundry.

A laundry that is perfect in detail is the special pride of a woman who has a beautiful new home. The room I have in mind is wainscoted with white marble to a height of four and one-half feet, with the walls above tiled in blue and white. The floor is also tiled. The tubs of white marble have wringers of brass attached. A peculiar feature of the laundry is the very large clothes-boiler or kettle, which is built in the wall near the tubs and so low that it nearly touches the floor. As there are faucets for hot and cold water in the boiler, as well as over each tub, no water has to be lifted or carried, and there is consequently no wet floor. The floor is covered by a bright rug. This wash-room connects with a hot-air room, where the clothes are quickly dried.—New York Evening Post.

A Hungry Guest.

Rosini and a friend of his went to dine with Mme. P——, a lady of property, who under a show of liberality, harbored a natural propensity to avarice. The dinner was of a very meagre description. At night, when the time came for the guests to take their leave, Mme. P—— thanked the great composer for his kindness in accepting her invitation, and said: "I should be very glad, maestro, if before you leave Paris, you would do me the honor of coming to dine with me a second time."

"I shall be most happy," Rosini replied, "and will do so at once, if you like."—Tablette des deux Charentes.

Admirable Crichton.

I believe, says Walter Besant, that the only authority for the life of the Admirable Crichton is a certain tract by the ingenious Sir Thomas Urquhart, who translated Rabelais. The tract is called "The Discovery of a Most Exquisite Jewel in the Mud." No one man can understand what a miracle of a man was this Crichton unless he reads the tract, which is written in a fine scholarly Rabelaisian spirit of extravagance. Let me tell the story, though the beauty of the narrative cannot be translated into modern Journalese. Crichton was one of the many Scots of good family who took service in foreign courts, their poverty sharpening their wits to an incredible extent.

Crichton was in the service of the Duke of Mantua, whose son was his pupil. He was a great linguist, knowing twelve languages either to speak or write. He was ready to dispute in Latin or any theme concerning mathematics, medicine, rhetoric, logic, art, theology, or jurisprudence with any scholar who should venture. He was a master of every kind of sport and pastime, and in the tilt yard he had no rival. Lastly, he was an excellent actor. One evening, for instance, he played before the court of Mantua, personating, in a kind of a variety show, a dozen characters in succession.

His skill of fence was exhibited in his famous duel with a certain Italian gladiator or soldier of fortune who lived by challenging all comers, at various courts to fight for large sums of money. Some he killed, winning the stakes some he wounded and gave them their lives in exchange for the money. On his arrival at Mantua he posted on the gates a challenge to all comers to engage him with the single rapier for 500 Spanish pistoles, to be laid down by either side. The gentlemen of the court accepted the challenge. The first was thrust through the throat and fell dead. The second was thrust through the heart and was carried off the field dying. Then Crichton stepped forward.

Observe the manner of the professional hero. He might have been first. But then he would only have the glory of ridding the world of a nuisance. He allowed three to be killed first. These dispatched, he stepped forward and placed 1500 pistoles as the stake. The event you know beforehand but Urquhart makes the scene to live. Crichton wounded his enemy in three places, viz., the three places where he had wounded the three men killed. The duellist, who had the true artistic feeling, expressed his supreme satisfaction at being killed by so masterly a hand. Crichton gave the 1500 pistoles to the widows of the three men and so everybody was pleased and the renown of the "eximious" Urquhart calls him "eximious" Crichton was wafted to the stars.

The manner of his death was tragic. It was Shrove Tuesday. He was at the house of a princess of the court. A troop of revelers in disguise and masks came to the house and demanded the right of the day to enter. The page who stood at the door remonstrated. They endeavored to push past him; he called out and Crichton appeared, sword in hand. The others drew and the unequal combat began. There were ten assailants.

In a moment six were on their backs. Crichton pressed forward upon the other four; he was just about to thrust at one more forward than the rest, when another called out:

"Hold! Wound not the prince!"

It was the prince, his own pupil, who was leading these drunken revelers. Crichton stopped, and, kneeling on his left knee, presented the hilt of his sword to the prince. Whether in the madness of rage or of drink, one knows not, the prince seized the sword and plunged it into Crichton's heart. Thus fell the Admirable Crichton. When the prince recovered he wished to kill himself. This could not be allowed, but his life was embittered and his years were few.—London Queen.

Summer Weakness

And that tired feeling, loss of appetite and nervous prostration are driven away by Hood's Sarsaparilla, like mist before the morning sun. To realize the benefit of this great medicine, give it a trial and you will join the army of enthusiastic admirers of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sure, efficient, easy—HOOD'S PILLS. They should be in every traveller's grip and every family medicine chest. 25c. a box.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Lincrusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weiler Bros.

Tamilkande Tea is the best.

has been in use 25 years. It is not a novelty but a well tried and proven substitute for mothers milk, of special value as a Diet in Hot Weather.

Sample on application to

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RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 1 Passenger Daily. Ar.	Read Up.	No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays. Ar.	Miles from Wellington.
12.45 pm	Lv. VICTORIA Ar.	8.00 pm	
12.50	RUSSELLS	7.50	2
1.10	BOQUILLAM	7.30	8
1.14	GOLDSTREAM	7.26	9
1.18	COLWOOD SIDING	7.22	11
1.26	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	7.14	15
1.40	COBBLE HILL	7.00	23
1.47	McPHERSONS	6.53	27
1.51	KOKSILAH	6.49	29
1.57	DUNCANS	6.43	33
2.11	NORTH DUNCANS	6.29	41
2.17	SAHTLAM	6.23	44
2.25	CHEMAINUS	6.15	49
3.00	Ar. NANAIMO Lv.	5.40	71
3.05	Lv. NANAIMO Ar.	5.35	71
3.35	WELLINGTON	5.05	78
3.45	Ar. WELLINGTON Lv.	4.55	80

NORTH BOUND.

No. 2 Passenger Daily. Lv.	Read Down.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays. Lv.	Miles from Victoria.
8.00 am	Lv. WELLINGTON Ar.	3.00 pm	78
8.10	NANAIMO	2.50	71
8.15	CHEMAINUS	2.45	66
8.51	SAHTLAM	2.09	61
8.57	NORTH DUNCANS	2.03	58
9.11	DUNCANS	1.49	54
9.17	KOKSILAH	1.43	50
9.21	McPHERSONS	1.39	48
9.34	COBBLE HILL	1.26	41
9.47	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	1.13	33
9.57	COLWOOD SIDING	1.03	29
10.01	GOLDSTREAM	1.00	27
10.03	BOQUILLAM	1.00	25
10.08	RUSSELLS	1.00	20
10.15	Ar. VICTORIA Lv.	1.00	12
10.20	Lv. VICTORIA Ar.	12.45 pm	12
10.25	ESQUIMALT	12.40	10
10.30	SOOKE	12.35	5
10.35	SOOKE BASIN	12.30	1
10.40	EMPRESS	12.25	1
10.45	Ar. VICTORIA West Lv.	12.20	1

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
R. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 20,

Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.

Vanvouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

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THE WORLD'S FAIR

And All Points East,

Also to Local Points in

WASHINGTON, IDAHO, MONTANA AND DAKOTA.

Entirely New Equipment.
All First-Class Service.
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Fairhaven & Southern Railway,
New Westminster & Southern Railway.

For further information apply to

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P. P. SHELBY, Gen'l Mgr., S. & M. Ry., F. & S. Ry., & N.W.S. Ry., Seattle.
H. A. JOHNSON, Div. Fr't & Pass. Agt., Great Northern, Seattle.

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FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well fitted and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 52 Third street, Victoria. m26-tf

— THE —

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (in change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, neat and cool, in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON,"				TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am	Lv	MI	... "Tacoma....	110 Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	... Seattle....	82 Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38 Lv	11 45 am
4 30 pm	Ar	110	... Victoria!...	M 1 Lv	8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	... "Seattle....	58	Ar	6 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	.. Kingston....	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	72	.Port Ludlow	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	M 1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent Victoria B. C.

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Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

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STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO'PANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, August 2, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa .....THURSDAY, July 20th, 1893, 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

no2

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

China, Japan and Australian Steamship Line.

STEAMSHIP "MIOWERA"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, June 14th, 1893.

STEAMSHIP "WARRINOO"

(3500 Tons), will sail from Vancouver for Honolulu, Sydney, Brisbane, July 14th, and regular monthly sailings hereafter.

CHINA AND JAPAN LINE.

Empress of Japan leaves Vancouver, June 8
" India " " July 1
" China " " Aug.
" Japan " " Aug. 29

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

For rates of passage and further information apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, C.P.R. Agent, Government Street.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass Agent, Vancouver.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric a11-tf-d-w

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m24-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fri4-tf

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Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 103 Janson Street. Telephone 183; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

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THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT,
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy3-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

Mr. W. C. Windebank, Pianoforte Tuner,
Has removed from 85 to 79 Fort Street, where he hopes to receive the patronage so liberally bestowed on him at his former residence.
Concertinas tuned and repaired. Instruments left over 3 months will be sold. Pianos tuned and regulated, $2. Lessons in vocal music. jun-1m

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS
By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMES. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). Can be engaged for first-class entertainments only. m10-tf

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PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 32.

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PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. jul13

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Doug as streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Cow and wood for sale. a28-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. ATWOOD, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja13 C. DUDOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy3 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

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Chapter, No. 120, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. S. LANGLEY, 1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFEIFFER, K. of R. S.
oct3

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
K. C. SMITH, Secretary.

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DR. MARY MACNEILL.
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Dentist,
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Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KONG, Proprietor.
ja30-4m

AMUSEMENTS.

K. OF P.
Excursion
TO Seattle
ON THE PALATIAL STR. ISLANDER,
SONS
SATURDAY, JULY 15, '93
Under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias of Victoria.
ROUND TRIP, - $1.50.
C. Battery Band, R.C.A., will accompany the excursionists.
Only a limited number of Tickets will be sold and can be obtained at R. Jamieson's Bookstore, Office of Kurtz & Co., Watson & Ball, Grocers; Dean & Cryderman, Drug Store; H. Waller, Clothing Store; C. E. Jones, druggist; or from any of the following committee: H. Dobbs, A. Hall, J. L. Smith, E. B. Kerer, W. L. Beswick, W. P. Smith and F. P. Gouge.
Steamer leaves C.P.N. wharf at 7 a.m., returning will leave Seattle at 8 p.m. sharp.
COL. BEHNSEN, Treas. J. C. BYRNE, Chairman.
ED. E. LEASON, Secretary.
jy-5-8-10-13-14

Special Excursion!
In aid of St. Paul's Church, Esquimalt.
By Kind Permission
To Visit
H.M.S. "ROYAL ARTHUR,"
The new Flagship on the Pacific, At Esquimalt.
The Palatial Steamer "Islander,"
CAPT. JOHN IRVING,
Will leave the Hudson's Bay Wharf, at Victoria, on
SATURDAY NEXT, JULY 8
at 2 o'clock p.m., and will go alongside the "Royal Arthur."
Returning will stop at the Outer Wharf, to enable those who wish to go direct to Caledonian Park.
Return fares, adults, 50 cents; children under 12, 25 cents.
Don't miss this chance of going over one of the finest cruisers in the world.
July 4 td.

SOCIAL DANCE
AT VICTORIA GARDENS,
Thursday Evening
Of each week during the Summer. Admission, Gentlemen 25c., Ladies free. Music by the Brown-Richardson Orchestra. ju19-1m

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

A LADY with a comfortable home desires the entire charge of a child. References. L. L. Times office. j5-1m

LOST—4th June, on David street, black horse, branded V on left hip. Finder please return the same to Wm. Martin, Bridge street, and be rewarded. j5-4td-1tw

FOR SALE—Several head of first class high grade short horn milch cows, with or without calves. J. W. Tolmie, P. O. box 226, telephone 417. j5-2w

WANTED—Dresses and sack suits by Mrs. Knight, 60 1-2 Johnson street. j3-5s

WANTED—A parlor maid. Apply between the hours of 10 and 2. Mrs. Wm. Ward, "Highwood," Moss street. j3-tf

TEACHER WANTED—For Hornby Island, public school. Apply at once to G. Heatherbill, Hornby Island, B. C. j3-2w

WANTED—A good strong girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. Clearihue, Cadboro Bay road, opposite Charles street. j28-tf

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 160 acres, 8 acres cleared; 1½ story log house and 4 shed; near McPherson's Station; cheap at $1,100. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas st. j26

FOR SALE—New two story house, 5 rooms, Frances Avenue, Saanich Road; a bargain at $800; terms to suit. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju26

TO LET—5 roomed house on Frances Avenue Saanich Road; cheap at $8. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St. ju26

PIGS FOR SALE—Apply to W. G. Bowman, 25 Broad street. Ju 23-2w

FOR SALE—A half interest in Pierre Block; easy terms; good chance for a merchant who is paying rent. For particulars apply at 100 Douglas street.

TO RENT—With immediate possession, the store now occupied by the undersigned. Apply on the premises. A. B. Gray & Co., Wharf street. 16-Ju-tf

PINKING AND STAMPING of all kinds done at reasonable prices at 5 James street, James Bay. June 16-1m

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply B., this office. jo9-tf

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard, corner of Rae street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

To Ship Owners.
The underdigned begs to announce that he has taken the CLYDE SHIP YARD, at Rock Bay, Victoria, and is now prepared for all kinds of work, new or old.
Small orders thankfully received and big ones in proportion.
ORLANDO WARNER.
July 3-1mo.

NOTICE

A Meeting of the Creditors of Munroe Miller will be held in the Duck Building, Broad Street, Thursday, the 6th inst., at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

BUSINESS—To confirm or otherwise deal with the resolution passed at the last meeting.

THOS. T. HULL,
jy3-3t Assignee.

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

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The Daily Times.

TARTE AND THE ARCHBISHOP.

Archbishop Tache of Manitoba and J. Israel Tarte, M. P., are engaged in a controversy over the separate school question that must appear more spicy than edifying to their co-religionists. In his speech at the Liberal convention Mr. Tarte asserted that Archbishop Tache had previous to the general elections of 1891 been visited at Montreal by Chapleau, then a member of the Dominion government, and had received assurances from Chapleau that the rights of the Catholic minority would be protected by the government. He further alleged that in consequence of these assurances the Archbishop withdrew his demand for the disallowance of the obnoxious Manitoba school act. In an open letter to Mr. Tarte Archbishop Tache denied these statements and intimated very strongly that Mr. Tarte had widely departed from the truth. But the latter returned to the charge, and in a speech at Waterloo, Que., the other day he produced in support of his statements a letter written by Archbishop Tache to his nephew T. H. Tache, at that time Chapleau's private secretary, in which the Archbishop declared that Sir John Thompson had given his solemn pledge and that others had privately but solemnly pledged themselves. Tarte challenged the Archbishop to name the parties who had so pledged themselves and stated that there was no doubt that the reference was intended for Chapleau. Moreover, in an interview Mr. Tarte emphatically repeated his statement that Chapleau carried on negotiations with the Archbishop in 1891. In answer to the question: Do you mean to say they met personally? Mr. Tarte said:

"Certainly, there were pledges and promises given and Archbishop Tache has admitted that fact in a letter dated Aug. 20th, 1892, part of which I read in the House of Commons. If Chapleau did not negotiate I want to know why Archbishop Tache stated at the time to several priests that he had received from the government most positive assurances, and it was after these assurances were given that the pastoral letter was dropped. Father Gendron made that fact clear a few weeks ago by his letter following the denial of Archbishop Duhamel, of Ottawa, of the existence of such letter. I am sorry to be obliged to contradict Archbishop Tache's assertions, but public opinion has a right to know the facts as they are. Of course the Archbishop's letter will be a great relief for the government, because they will take advantage of his statement that there was no pledge given. You will not fail to observe that Archbishop Tache's denial is just like Sir John Thompson's denial in the House of Commons."

It appears to us that Mr. Tarte has much the best of the controversy, such as it is, and that he has clearly convicted the Dominion government of having given pledges in order to avert the anger of the Archbishop only to violate those pledges afterwards. Some of the Conservative organs have been pleased to lecture the Liberals for failing to take up the school question in their convention, all the while knowing that the Liberals have nothing to do with the settlement of the question. The Liberals were wise enough to refrain from sacrificing themselves for their opponents' benefit. Now that the said Conservative organs have so oracularly delivered themselves on the enormity of the Liberals' offences they will condescend to express an opinion on the duplicity, treachery and shameless time-serving of which the Conservative government was guilty, as shown by Mr. Tarte.

It seems that the Conservative convention to be held in Toronto in September is intended to represent chiefly the younger generation, whose members are to take counsel together as to the best means of helping the party. We do not suppose any objection will be interposed by anybody, unless it be the Conservative Hamilton Spectator, which recently spoke in this way: "It may be all right for the Conservatives to ape the Grits and get up a big convention; but we don't exactly see the utility of the thing. Aggregations of gabsters don't amount to much these days." Evidently the Spectator, which is a paper not entirely wanting in shrewdness, has an idea that some other things might better serve its party than the holding of consultative gatherings, for it further says: "The convention the Conservative party needs most is a convention of constables to jail every thief connected with the Curran bridge and the canal steals, from the pettiest timekeeper up to the highest responsible officer." The difficulty in the way of the Spectator's plan is that its execution would be apt to leave too few voters on the Conservative side in Montreal on election day. Then similar results would follow in other parts of the country if every man who has been allowed to plunder the treasury under Conservative rule were clapped into jail.

A parliamentary return is published showing the quantity of spirits, exclusive of foreign spirits, removed from Dublin, Belfast and Cork respectively under permits or certificates from stocks of rectifiers, dealers and retailers during each of the three years ended March 31, 1893. According to this return, the spirits removed in 1890-91 from Belfast were 577,769 gals. to England and 203,326 gals. to Scotland. In the following year 1,065,756 gals. and 399,871 gals. respectively, and in the third year 1,033,291 gals. and 329,501 gals. respectively. Cork sent out the following quantities: 3,923 gals. to England and 1,649 gals. to Scotland in the first year; 5,783 gals. and 987 gals. respectively in the second year; and 4,383 gals. and 531 gals. respectively in the third year. Dublin sent out 136,535 gals. to England and 19,430 gals. to Scotland the first year; and 129,170 gals. and 6,473 gals. in the second year; and 114,926 gals. and 3,582 gals. respectively in the third year. A footnote explains that the figures for the first year are believed to be considerably understated. In the case of all three centres—Dublin, Belfast and Cork—the latest returns show a large falling off compared with the previous year.

Pelts and Leather.

Very few people have any idea of the number of different animals which contribute their skins for the adornment of pocket-books, purses, etc., and make up the large number of odds and ends which people find so useful. Monkeys, pigs, goats, snakes, lizards, alligators, sheep, calves, fish, seals, and even birds, all contribute. The great majority of these skins are imported. The one thing of importance in leather for fancy goods is the grain, which influences the price to a great extent. The number and variety of grains is large, and the different leathers are classified when received according to the size of the grain under these several headings—fish, Morocco, gros grain, Levant, Turkey, monkey, pig, and seal. These grains are all different sizes, the monkey being the largest, although the pig and seal are very pronounced. The fish grain is the smallest of all. Besides these leathers there are a great many imitations made—buffing, which is split cowhide, and a skiver, which is split sheepskin. But these can be easily told, as what is called hand grain is the natural grain of the skin touched by hand; whereas the ordinary imitations are embossed by machine. Several other grains made by machinery on skiver or buffing are called boarded, being made by a brass tool which gives fine straight lines close together, the others showing wavy effects or water lines on the skin and dice grain.

The most expensive leather sells from $100 to $110 per dozen skins. This is the genuine Russia leather, the use of late temporarily lost popularity. It is in gros grain. Levant skins sell for $60 a dozen skins. Seal sells from $30 to $50 a dozen, and pig skins are sold by the skin at $6.50 or $7 each. Monkey skins are cheaper, selling at $3 per skin, but these latter are hard to procure at any price. They are made up by only one or two manufacturers that we know of in America into the finest grade of leather novelties of the imported skins. With the exception of the sealskins, which are tanned in England, nearly all these skins are tanned in Germany, although sheepskins are tanned in France.

A very ingenious imitation of Russian leather has been made of calfskin, perfumed with oil of birch. It is a dangerous counterfeit, for the reason that the color is exactly the same, the appearance and odor very much so, often puzzling the untutored buyer. Time, however, destroys the false odor and reveals the imitation. The most important thing now, and the latest, is to have the leather novelties which women carry to match their dress in color. The houses which import leathers to this country used to send samples of leather to Germany and elsewhere to match, so as to strike the exact color. Now silk, cotton duffs, plush, etc., are imported. Instead of skins come largely from Borneo, as well as Germany.—Trunk and Leather Review.

American Stocks.

New York, July 5.—There is a weakening in the local stock market to-day. In the first trading, prices reduced 1-4 to 1 1-4 per cent. right through the list. A sharp advance of one per cent. in sterling exchange at the opening of business also operated against the stock market. Rumors affecting the credit of C. P. Huntington were again afloat, and it was reported from London that the Central Pacific would not pay its August dividend. Mr. Huntington denied the stories alleging his inability to meet his econtracts, and asserted that the Central Pacific would pay its August dividends. Subsequently, when it was found that brokers had no difficulty in renewing loans and that foreign houses were liberal lenders of money at comparatively low rates, a more "bullish" feeling set in, and under the leadership of General Electric, an advance of 1-4 to 1 3-8 per cent. was recorded. The firmness was short-lived, however, and soon after midday the bear forces renewed their attacks, rumors being circulated that large failures were imminent in London. These reports could not be traced to any authentic source. The market closed steady. Closing bids:—Canadian Pacific, 73 7-8; Central Pacific, 19; Denver & Rio Grande, 10 1-4; Wells Fargo, 130; Great Northern, preferred, 108; Missouri Pacific, 31 1-4; Northern Pacific, 12; Northern Pacific, preferred, 31 7-8; Oregon Navigation, 55; Oregon Improvement, 10; Pacific Mail, 18 1-4; Texas Pacific, 6; Union Pacific, 80 7-8; Western Union, 80 7-8; Northern Pacific Consolidated, 5s, 61; Bar silver, 75.

Robert Louis Stevenson.

A curious souvenir of Mr. R. L. Stevenson's connection with Edinburgh has been picked up on a bookstall in that city. This is a copy of the brilliant novelist's testimonials in applying, in 1881, for the Chair of History and Constitutional Law in Edinburgh University. With a delightful disregard for the ordinary methods pursued by applicants for vacancies, Mr. Stevenson writes on the title-page of the list of testimonials:—"As Mr. Stevenson is at present on the Continent, and cannot personally meet with the electors, he has considered it advisable to submit the accompanying testimonials for perusal." Mr. Stevenson's sponsors were men of note, including Mr. Leslie Stephen, Mr. Edmund Gosse, John Addington Symonds, Andrew Lang, Professor Meiklejohn, Professor Sidney Colvin, Rev. Professor Churchill Babington, Professor Thomas S. Baynes, Professor Sellar, and Principal Tulloch. Of Mr. Stevenson's knowledge of constitutional law little or nothing was said.

Some new shades in plain ingrain Wallpapers with deep borders at Weiler Bros.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Dr. J. H. McMillan, of Picton, was found dead in bed.

James Barnes, residing in Ottawa East, died from sunstroke.

Mr. Herbert, the Canadian sculptor, is engaged on a bust of Sir John Thompson in Paris.

Charles Cann and Albert Cann, aged 28 and 23 respectively, were drowned at Halifax while fishing.

William Hoult, senior member of the Hoult manufacturing company, Ingersoll, is dead, aged 60 years.

Near Loughboro Lake the two-year-old daughter of John Johnston fell into a can filled with milk and was drowned.

James Bradshaw, aged 30, a motorman on a Montreal electric car, accidentally touched a live wire, which killed him instantly.

Mrs. William Butler, wife of Major Butler, of Perth, died while under the influence of chloroform and undergoing an operation.

Blowers Archibald, of Sydney, C. B., died suddenly. He was aged 74. He had been for some years largely interested in coal mining.

Sadie Hutchinson and Lizzie Morrison, aged 17 and 14 respectively, while canoeing on the river at Peterboro', upset, and both were drowned.

Thirty-one leading provincial journals in Great Britain have published an announcement as to the dearth of farm laborers and domestic servants in Canada.

Hon. Mr. Flynn, Quebec commissioner of crown lands, has received a letter from the agent of the department at Gaspe stating that coal oil has been discovered at Gaspe basin.

The man who drowned himself in Chippewa creek Thursday has been identified by his father as D. J. McQuarrie of Mono road. Deceased had gone insane after taking the gold cure.

The viceregal party leave for England on the 15th inst. Sir John Montgomery Moore, commander-in-chief of her majesty's forces in British North America, will be appointed administrator pending the arrival of the Earl of Aberdeen.

Men working in the Eel Lake mica mine mistook the time as announced from the top and came to the surface. As soon as they reached the top, the mine partially caved in. Two men were wedged in a corner of the pit, but were speedily dug out.

During a westerly gale four Swedes undertook to cross from Port Arthur to Fort William in a punt, which swamped about a mile from shore. Chas. Martin and Ed. Holt were drowned. The other two were rescued by the lighthouse keeper from Lamb Island with his boat.

John G. Fraser, aged 24, and Michael J. Teedy, aged 25, both clerks in the employ of J. A. Carlaw, local cashier of the Grand Trunk railway, in Toronto, have decamped, and experts are now examining their books with a view to ascertaining the amount of their defalcations, which are believed to amount to several thousand dollars.

Rumors were current in Toronto that several large grain dealers were heavily involved in the failure of the Commercial Bank of Winnipeg, but inquiry among the bankers and those likely to be interested brought nothing but a denial. As far as can be ascertained only one or two persons in Toronto hold stock in the institution, and the amount is small. It is also denied that any Toronto grain houses are holding large quantities through the bank.

Stevenson Speaks on Silver.

Chicago, July 6.—Vice-President Stevenson last night in an interview expressed himself thus in regard to the Sherman Silver law: "I will say that I am in favor of its immediate repeal, but the substitute that will be presented has not been agreed upon. I do not regard the so-called financial flurry as of great importance, as I believe nine-tenths of the reported business failures were weak concerns. I look for great results from the coming session of congress and I believe some good, wholesome laws will be enacted.

The Silver Issue.

Denver, Col., July 6.—The smelters will resume the purchase of silver ore in a few days. "I think the outlook is considerably better than it was a week ago," said H. Moffatt, president of the First National Bank, and one of the heaviest holders of silver mining properties in the state. "A very noticeable reaction seems to have taken place, as indicated by the strong advance in silver bullion prices. I expect to see it go to 80 cents inside of thirty days. I notice that France is beginning to protest against the action of the foes of silver, and that will help us. We feel decidedly better and shall shortly resume work at our mines. There will be very little profit in it with silver at 80, but it will pay expenses."

"The feeling is much better than it was a few days ago," said W. H. Jakes, of the Omaha. "We cannot count with any certainty upon the real shape of the market until we hear from the government regarding the July purchase of silver. That will give us a basis of calculation. Miners of the state are inclined to accept the situation cheerfully. The feeling of despondency has given place to one of confidence that affairs will be right in due time."

Southern Silver News.

Silver City, N. M., July 6.—The Southwest Silver Convention to-day adopted resolutions which refer to the attempt to demonetize silver in India for the purpose of hastening the adoption of the gold standard. They compare the price of silver with the products of the country and charge the recent bank failures and the general depression of business to the policy of the moneyed classes in the east. The repeal of the Sherman law is demanded. They want that law abandoned and the enactment of a new law in its stead for free and unrestricted coinage of silver at the rate of 15.99 to 1. The resolutions were adopted without a dissenting voice, and the convention adjourned to meet at Albuquerque at a time to be fixed by the executive committee.

Porter's Reception.

Valparaiso, July 6.—United States Minister Porter was formally presented on Tuesday to President Montt. He was met at the entrance to the Moneda by 300 officials of the government and warmly received. In receiving Minister Porter President Montt said he regarded the national holiday of the United States as an auspicious time for the renewal of the friendship between Chili and the great republic of the north. He asked the minister to inform President Cleveland and the people of the United States of the sincere desire of Chili and her citizens to regard them as friends. Minister Porter's reply was well received by the Chilians. He said President Cleveland had instructed him to inform the Chilian people of his desire to draw closer the bonds of friendship. He hoped that former disagreements would be forgotten. Patrick Egan then presented the letter recalling him to the United States.

McGlynn's Visit to Rome.

New York, July 6.—Rev. Father McGlynn has at last said something about the recent visit to Rome and his treatment by the Pope and by the Roman Catholic dignitaries at home and abroad. It was at the World's Fair grounds at Chicago that he was induced to consent to a brief interview, which has been telegraphed to this city. "I went to Rome," he said, "not to settle or open my case. Mgr. Satolli had settled it most satisfactorily months before. I did not have to go, anyway, but I had promised Mgr. Satolli that I would personally pay my respects to the Pope and receive his apostolic benediction. It was an act of courtesy which I was very glad to perform. I was in Rome only five days, and was most cordially received by Cardinal Rampolla, who at once arranged an interview with the holy father. I was also very kindly received by him, and after an audience of some fifteen minutes I left with his blessing. I hardly expected to be returned to my old parish. I hope to say more in public soon, but no arrangements for a permanent pastorate are yet made for me. I hope soon to celebrate the mass in public before my friends."

Till the Barley Blooms.

Toledo, O., July 6.—Seymour the mind reader was in this city yesterday on his way to Chicago, where he is going to be buried alive after the manner of the Indian magicians, who say they can suspend animation for any period by swallowing their tongues and controlling the heart and mind. "My coffin has gone ahead," said Mr. Seymour. "It is a fac simile of the one in which General Grant's remains now rest, and cost $3,000. It is made in three sections, one fitting inside the other. I will be buried six feet deep in the coffin. Signals are to be arranged, so that if things do not go right I can communicate with the soldiers on the outside who will guard the grave. Directly after I am buried a crop of barley will be sown over the grave. I will remain buried till the germs sprout, grow, ripen and are harvested."

Ill in Jail.

City of Mexico, July 6.—Col. Hernandez, the widely known officer of the Mexican army, who was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for complicity in the Garza revolution, is dangerously ill, his death expected at any moment. His friends are making an effort to induce the authorities to permit the prisoner's removal from his cell to a place where he may receive better treatment and comforts.

In the Absence of a Fool Killer.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., July 6.—Clifford Calverley last night eclipsed all previous records at Niagara by walking on a wire across the gorge in the darkness and shooting off fireworks above and stream. He had arranged for two strong search lights to be placed at each end of the wire, but the light proved a failure, so the young man ventured out in the dark. No one could see him until suddenly a bright light illuminated the centre of the river, and Calverley was seen seated on the wire with his balancing pole across his knees setting off fireworks. He reached the American side amid a flame of red light and was cheered by the crowd.

The President Ill.

Buzzard's Bay, Mass., July 6.—A call at Gray Gables revealed the fact that the President is confined to his room. Col. Lamont says Cleveland has an attack of rheumatism in the foot and knee, a complaint from which he suffered many years, and which is no doubt aggravated this time by the hard work and severe strain on his strength which the President has undergone since the 4th of March. The trouble has been hanging about him for some weeks, but now is so much increased in severity that he will be compelled to take absolute rest. In order that he may be at his post of duty at the special meeting of Congress next month, it will be necessary for the President to deny himself to visitors for the present and his friends will of course observe his request that he be permitted to get all possible benefit from his vacation.

They Are Not Losing Money
at Russell & McDonald's just because they sell goods at half cost. It is half the cost for manufacture not half of what the goods cost them that they sell for.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

MOHUN TAKES ACTION.

A Law Suit Stares the City Council in the Face.

Mayor Beaven has called a special meeting of the city council for Friday night. It is rumored that there will be another discussion over the Mohun discharge. Engineer Mohun has sued the city for $16,179.62, which sum he claims under a contract entered into with a former council. The contract has not been seen by the majority of the council, but Mr. Mohun says he has it and is making his claim according to its terms. The contract is said to provide that in consideration of Mr. Mohun foregoing his percentage on the sewerage plans the city would employ him until the completion of the sewerage system. The council dismissed him and Engineer Mohun claims percentage on plans less the amount of money paid to him as salary. The commission totals $27,726.63, being commission at 5 per cent. on $248,229.62, the sum already paid out on sewerage, and $15,315.15, being 2 1-2 per cent. on $612,606.20, the estimated cost of extension of the sewerage system. From this is deducted the sum of $11,547.01 that has been paid to Engineer Mohun by way of salary.

It is said that a contract entered into by a previous council does not bind its successor unless it receives the sanction of the ratepayers. The ratepayers never sanctioned any agreement with Engineer Mohun. Some are dubious and think that the city is liable despite the clause to that effect in thee municipal act.

A VICTORIA FIRM.

How It is Appreciated—What the Mainlanders Think of Them.

We copy the following from a Mainland exchange:

RUSSELL, M'DONALD & CO.

Mammoth Stock of General Merchandise.

Nos. 62 and 64 Cordova St., also at 134 Douglas St., Victoria.

The great business houses of Vancouver have grown as the city grew and the subject of this sketch, now one of the leading mercantile houses of the province is not an exception to the rule. The methods of business introduced by the management from its inception were such as met the hearty approval of an appreciative public, and it was but a short time before the name of Russell, McDonald & Co. became a household word in Vancouver and over British Columbia. Their immense double store is located at Nos. 62 and 64 Cordova street, in the very heart of the Terminal City. This establishment is divided into many sections, each presided over by clerks especially well informed respecting the goods in their section. The stock is immense and extremely diversified, comprising everything from a needle to an anchor. Here may be found in endless assortment, dry goods, clothing, gents' furnishings, underwear of all weights and sizes, hosiery, fishing tackle, sporting goods, paraphernalia, tinware, wooden and willowware, curios, hardware, tools, household utensils, fancy and decorated ware, crockery, cups and saucers, novelties, fancy goods and notions, and a thousand and one things too numerous to mention. It is a motto, proved by long experience, that goods well bought are half sold, and it is to a rigid observance of this truth that this firm may be said to owe their success in business and the house its popularity. Messrs. Russell, McDonald & Co. are trained and accomplished merchants and devote their entire personal attention to the management of their business. They are liberal in contributing to all public enterprises calculated to build up the city of their choice.

A Painful Accident.

Mrs. A. J. Kane met with a painful and serious accident last evening, which will confine her to her home for several weeks. She was crossing the walk in front of her house to enter a carriage and stepped upon a piece of glass. It entered the sole of the foot severing a small artery. Several fragments of glass remained in the flesh. Mrs. Kane fainted from loss of blood. Medical attendance was called immedeiately and the lady was soon made as comfortable as possible.

A Victoria Favorite.

Sims and Raleigh, the noted playwrights, have just completed a new comedy for Miss Johnstone Bennett, who won so much favor here last year in her impersonation of "Jane." Miss Bennett may visit Victoria with her new play, under the management of Charles Frohman. The piece is to be presented to the American public for the first time at the Standard theatre, New York city, on August 28th, and will doubtless enjoy a long run, after which the company will probably make a tour of the provinces.

Send or Come

for some of our ten cent dress goods. Russell & McDonald.

Take an Outing.

Give the children an outing and show them the Royal Arthur on Saturday. This will be the only opportunity the public will have to inspect this splendid warship. It will be undoubtedly the most pleasurable trip of the season.

Fine Farms for Sale.

H. Cuthbert & Co. will sell to-morrow (Friday, July 7th) sections 29, 30, 40, 41 and 42, Metchosin district, and sections 2 and 101, Lake district, under foreclosure of mortgage. These are two fine farms owned by the late Mrs. Conway, of the Four Mile House.

A Pleasant Surprise.

George L. Courteney and bride left last evening for California. They took the steamer City of Kingston and will go overland to the Golden State. At the boat they were given a pleasant surprise. They found the bridal chamber and parlor which had been reserved for them, profusely decorated with flowers and ferns. Lines of roses were hung along the walls and ceilings, and close to the walls there were banks of flowers. The surprise was prepared by the crew of the steamer City of Kingston, and their pleasant remembrance was appreciated by Mr. and Mrs. Courteney.

Guests of the Governor.

The following is a list of the guests who dined with His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney last night: Rear Admiral Henry J. Stephenson, C. B.; Right Rev. the Bishop of Columbia and Miss Perrin, Sir Matthew B. Begbie, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Turner, Mrs. James Baker, Captain F. P. Trench, R. N., Captain E. Rooke, R. N., Lieut.-Col. J. G. Holmes, D. A. G., R. C. A., Flag Lieutenant B. Godfrey Faussett, R. N., Mr. Frank Dent, R. N., Hon. Mr. Mrs. and Miss O'Reilly, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Ward and Miss Ward, Miss Pooley, Miss Annie Pooley, Captain G. H. Ogilvie, R. C. A., and E. A. Jacob.

A "Select Meeting."

The interest of the general public has become somewhat aroused in the coming visit of H. H. Booth of the Salvation Army. Invitations are out for a "select meeting" at the Pandora avenue Methodist church lecture room next Sunday afternoon at 3 p.m., at which Mr. Booth will speak. All invited will no doubt attend as the speaker will probably have something to say on the higher aims and future hopes of the "new church" as it is sometimes called now. Noah Shakespeare will be in the chair and the following ladies and gentlemen have consented to be present: Mrs. D. W. Higgins, Mrs. D. Spencer, Mrs. J. C. Kent, Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge, Rev. J. Campbell, Rev. S. Cleaver, Rev. J. Hall, Rev. E. Robson, Rev. J. E. Coombes, Alex. Wilson, S. Gray, W. S. Hampson, J. E. McMillan and W. H. Bone.

The Officers Installed.

The officers of the Columbia lodge, No. 2, I.O.O.F., for the current term, were installed last evening by W. G. Carson, D. D. G. M., assisted by the following staff of elected and acting grand officers: W. E. Holmes, G. W.; Fred Davey, G. S.; J. H. Meldram, G. T.; L. Cousins, G. M.; G. Fowlie, P. G.; and R. Drake, P. G. Following are the officers installed: George Wilby, N. G.; A. B. McNeill, V. G.; R. W. Fawcett, sec.; W. Jackson, permanent secretary; A. Henderson, treasurer; J. W. Meldram, warden; J. J. McIntyre, conductor; W. H. Huxtable, O. G.; F. Rogers, I. G.; H. L. J. McGuire, R. S. N. G.; W. G. Baird, L. S. N. G.; H. H. Schuyler, R. S. V.G.; J. H. Collins, R. S. S.; and C. W. Hansen, L. S. S. Columbia lodge has now a membership of 182—an increase of 10 during the past term. The officers of Dominion lodge, No. 4, will be installed this evening.

An Opportunity for You

to buy cheap dress goods as Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

Madame Laird,

Formerly of San Francisco, and more recently of the Conservatory of Music in this city, has decided to open a private studio at her residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner of Pandora avenue, for instruction in vocal music and voice culture. She has accordingly severed her connection with the Conservatory, and intending students may obtain terms and full particulars by calling at or writing to the above address.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50.

At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The main streets of the city are being well cleaned.

—Magistrate Macrae will deliver judgment Saturday in the assault case preferred by Mrs. Geo. Williams against Bailiff Hardaker.

—There will be a baptismal service at Calvary Baptist church this evening by the pastor. It will take the place of the usual prayer meeting.

—Elephant Tommy," keeper of Washburn's elephant, lies at the Dominion Hotel seriously injured by being stepped on by his charge at Nanaimo.

—The regular monthly meeting of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society will take place to-morrow evening at their hall, Blanchard street.

—There was a very fair attendance at the strawberry social at the Centennial Methodist church last evening. All who attended greatly enjoyed it.

—The Driard House bar fixtures, privileges and lease of the premises, at present held by R. Campbell, will be sold by auction on Tuesday next.

—In the police court Susie, klootchman, was fined $25 for having a bottle of whiskey in her possession. Mary, Indian, was fined $10 for being drunk.

—There will be no prayer meeting tonight in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on account of the absence of the pastor at Vancouver examining teachers.

—The young people of St. Barnabas church will give a strawberry social in Temperance hall, Pandora street, this evening. A good programme will be rendered.

—The strawberry festival at the First Presbyterian church last evening to honor the anniversary of the induction of Rev. Dr. Campbell as pastor was a very successful affair.

—Erskine, Wall & Co. have been officially notified that their tender for supplying groceries, etc., to the provincial jail for the year ending June 30th, 1894, has been accepted.

—Collector A. R. Milne has sent Francis Barry of his force to Nelson to remain for a few months and assist in opening an office there. An order from the controller of customs directed the transfer.

—Edward Schraepnel, who was summoned for assaulting a Chinamen on Cadboro Bay road, and who did not appear in court, was "gathered in" by the police to-day. Schraepnel will be tried to-morrow.

—The Sons of Erin have not lost by their Dominion Day picnic in aid of the B. C. Benevolent Society. The receipts and expenses balance so far with a number of tickets given to the members of the B. C. Benevolent Society to be heard about.

THEIR FIRST MEETING.

Directors of the Jubilee Hospital Meet and Elect Officers Last Evening.

The new board of directors of the Jubilee Hospital met last evening, the retiring president, Joshua Davies, in the chair. The chairman called for nominations for president for the ensuing year.

J. S. Yates thought the time had arrived when the principle of "rotation" in the election of officers should be adopted. By this system the president would retire each year and be succeeded by the vice-president. The speaker paid a high tribute to the retiring president and nominated Vice-President Charles Hayward for president.

President Davies expressed an opinion that the rotation system was the one adopted by nearly all societies and favored the movement as it would doubtless be productive of good. The hospital, he said, must be the first consideration of the directors.

The system was, on motion, adopted and the following officers were elected: President, C. Hayward; Vice-President, A. Wilson; Hon. Treasurer, W. A. Chudley (re-elected); Secretary, H. M. Yates.

The secretary was instructed to call for tenders for supplies for the hospital.

Mr. Davies brought up the question of having standing committees of the board to deal with various matters.

President Hayward approved of the principle and considered that an energetic finance committee should be appointed.

The matter was laid over until the next meeting of the board.

The newly-elected president thanked the directors for the honor they had done him and spoke highly of work done by the retiring president.

Mr. Davies replied, after which the board adjourned.

Not the Ainoka.

Reports have reached San Francisco of the total wreck, with loss of life, of the sealing schooner Helen Blum, of San Francisco. The wreck occurred near the point in Alaska where the Ainoka was reported to have been wrecked. The wreck of the Blum evidently caused the rumors relative to the Ainoka. The Blum was owned by Capt. Carlson, who was in command. She was after both sea otters and seal. She had the reputation of having made more money for her owners than any other San Francisco schooner. The steam schooner Mischief passed Carmanah Point this morning. Her captain reported a catch of 335 skins, and said that he had seen no other schooners.

Dance This Evening.

The regular weekly social dance will be held at the Victoria Gardens this evening. The evenings are at present very pleasant, and nothing could be more enjoyable than a row up the gorge and a dance. The music will be supplied by the Brown-Richardson orchestra.

You Risk Nothing

in walking half way up Douglas street to Russell & McDonald's, because you are sure to find what you want at half the price charged elsewhere.

Military League Match.

A special train will leave for Goldstream at 1.30 on Saturday to convey those taking part in the third Military League rifle competition. The fare will be 75 cents for the round trip.

Just Arrived

ONE CASE — Ladies' Sailor Hats

And

ONE CASE — Fancy Goods

D. Spencer, Government Street.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The Chief Justice sat in county court at 11 a.m. to hear 93 cases made up as follows: Ordinary summonses, 18; adjourned, 6; judgment summonses, 45; adjourned, 10; garnishee, 14.

Three aliens, Robert Ritters, Frank Aikawa and John Melvibrich were to-day admitted to all the rights and privileges of British subjects by the Chief Justice.

In county court the Chief Justice today gave judgment in the case of Leonard Marsters, tried at the last sitting of the court. Marsters appealed from the conviction of Police Magistrate Macrae who sentenced him to two months with hard labor for supplying liquor to Indians. His Lordship held that the offence was clearly proved and that on the appellant and not on the prosecution rested the onus of showing that the liquor was supplied at the request of a medical man or a minister of religion. He therefore sentenced him to imprisonment for two calendar months with hard labor, thus confirming the magistrate's decision.

Probably the most interesting case to be tried at this sitting of the court is that of Seaton vs. R. T. Williams for false imprisonment. It will be remembered that Mr. Williams sent his bailiff to James Island to distrain on the plaintiff's goods and chattels for rent due and that subsequently the two Seatons, father and son, were tried at the assizes recently held for larceny of distrained goods. It is claimed that Mr. Williams distrained not only for rent but also for taxes due, and that in distraining for the latter he acted in contravention of law and is thus liable in damages for the imprisonment of the plaintiff.

After the case of Hull Bros. vs. Schneider et al. had been disposed of in the divisional court yesterday, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Walkem sat to hear an appeal from an order of Mr. Justice Crease refusing to set aside a judgment signed by the plaintiff in Jackson vs. Jackson & Mylius by default of defence. Mr. Belyea for the defendant appellants contended that the writ of summons was not specially endorsed; that it could not be specially endorsed because the claim was not only for a liquidated demand but also for the appointment of a receiver; and that therefore the plaintiff was entitled to sign only an interlocutory and not a final judgment. The court decided on these grounds to set aside the order made by Mr. Justice Crease but no order was made as to costs as the court was divided on that point, the Chief Justice making them costs in the cause and Mr. Justice Walkem giving the appellant his costs on the appeal and on the order appealed from. Messrs. Helmcken and Drake appeared for the plaintiff.

A Question for Working Men

is where does your wife buy her boots? If she does not buy them at Russell & McDonald's she is not acting rightly.

Farewell to Their Bishop.

At a congregational meeting of St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral at Institute hall this evening his lordship Bishop Lemmens will take leave of the members of his flock and will receive a farewell address from them. A. E. McPhillips will present the address and make the presentation speech. The choir will furnish music. The meeting will be called to order at 8 o'clock. Bishop Lemmens will leave for Rome at 8.30 tomorrow night.

Cutting Down Assessments.

The court of revision was engaged all to-day on the appeals of Lowenberg, Harris & Co. W. Fisher's lot at Fairfield was reduced to $800. Lots 2 and 3, block 88, were each reduced to $650, and improvements in lot 1, same block, were reduced to $500. There was a reduction to $2,750 made on two acres belonging to A. Frank. D. H. Harris secured a small reduction on his property. A. E. P. Haggard's lots in the Work estate were reduced to $800 each. H. D. Helmcken, lots 1 and 2, block A, were cut down to $1,500. A. R. Milne obtained a reduction to $2,500 on lots 3 and 4, Work estate. There were several appeals of Joseph Bros., but they were disallowed.

—At our disposal on Hillside avenue we have two two-story houses on the installment plan at cost.

PAGE & WINNETT.

The wines sold by us are pleasing to all and contain nothing injurious. California Wine Company, 55 and 57 Broad street.

Mackie's Pure Highland Scotch Whiskies

MACKIE'S SELECTED LAGAVULIN.

MACKIE'S VERY RARE OLD SPECIAL.

MACKIE'S OLD BLEND of the WHITE HORSE Cellar.

The famous LAGAVULIN DISTILLERY, ISLAND OF ISLAY, SCOTLAND. The Lagavulin Whisky is famous for its fine quality, being made from pure Scotch Malt only, and has long been the favorite beverage of Sportsmen. The most eminent Physicians of the day prescribe it where a stimulant is required.

Lagavulin Distillery, Islay, Laphroaig Distillery, Islay, Craig-Ellachie Distillery, Glenlivet. Glendronach Distillery, Aberdeenshire, Kintyre Distillery, Campbeltown, Longrow Distillery, Campbeltown.

MACKIE & Co., 13 Carlton Place, Glasgow, Scotland.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED BY THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

"A Word To the Wives Is Sufficient."

For Rendering Pastry Short or Friable.

COTTOLENE

Is Better than Lard Because It has none of its disagreeable and indigestible features.

Endorsed by leading food and cooking experts.

Ask your Grocer for it.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

NOTICE.

As many people are under the impression that Munroe Miller's Job Printing and Bookbinding Establishment is closed, I beg to inform the public that every department is in full operation, under the management of Mr. Miller, who will be glad to welcome his old friends and make new ones.

THOS. T HULL, Assignee.

ju21-1m

Mediæval Manners.

Several manuals of good behavior appeared in the sixteenth century, the precurser of which was a little book by Erasmus, entitled "Civilitas Morum Puerilium," printed at Basle in 1530. Some of his directions show that what we call refinement had not advanced very far, since at the table almost all food was carried to the mouth with the fingers. A good deal is said about the use of knives now and then, but rarely anything about the use of a spoon, while of forks there is no mention.

Mason's patent reliable Fruit Jars and Jellies in all sizes at Weiler Bros.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Great Variety of Goods Just Received per S. S. Tacoma.
Very Cheap—Good Value.
Few Nice Palms and Fern Plants.

EARLY CALL SOLICITED.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENCY.

J. St. Clair Blackett
74 Yates Street,
GENERAL AGENT UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, Etc.
Fire Insurance Written at Lowest Rates.
Collections promptly made.
City Property a Specialty.

CHOICE ROSES

In bloom
Of the Very Best Varieties.

ORDERS TAKEN NOW FOR FALL DELIVERY

A. OHLSON,
Oakland Nursery,
P.O. Box 559. VICTORIA, B. C.

Cut Roses at Oakland Florist, 146 Government St.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practic experience of over 25 years. mar4

Johnston's Fluid Beef

is the product of

Ox Beef of Prime Quality.

It supplies the life principles of Beef in a form EASY OF DIGESTION.

The Great Strength-Giver.

Sweet and Dainty Dishes

For

The Dinner and Supper Tables

Can always be prepared quickly by using

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

It is distinguished as being the only pure Cream of Tartar Baking Powder—free from ammonia, alum, lime or any other adulteration. All other baking powders leave traces of alkali or acid in the food. Dr. Price's is without a rival and is indispensable where the finest as well as the most wholesome food is desired.

A TERRIFIC HEADER.

A LONDON PERFORMER DIVES NINETY-FIVE FEET.

The Latest Thrill Which Titillates the Blood of Old Londoners Amid a Mass of Flaring, Bewildering Lights—How the "Header" is Done.

London's latest thrill is derived from the feat of a man who dives down ninety-five feet from the roof of the Westminster aquarium into a narrow and comparatively shallow tank of water, set in the floor of the building, says a writer in the New York Sun. The exploit calls for an astounding combination of nerve and skill, and is far more noteworthy than any of the bridge-jumping acts which have been so tiresomely frequent of late years. The diver is Thomas Burns, who has acquired considerable notoriety as a diver from bridges and as an expert swimmer, and not a little fame from his having saved no fewer than thirty-two lives during his career. He is a sturdily built man, some 26 years of age. He has frequently dived from bridges over a hundred feet high into rivers, but his dive at the aquarium is a very different affair. He stands on a tiny platform suspended among the iron girders of the roof, ninety-five feet above the floor, and sees below him, instead of a broad, deep river, a mass of flaring, bewildering lights, a sea of upturned faces, and in the wooden floor of the stage what seems from that height to be a mere slot, the tank which he must surely land in. The tank is eighteen feet long, eight feet wide and seven feet deep. The diver actually dives, takes a header, and does not drop feet foremost, after the manner of the bridge jumpers. The marvelous precision required to land in the tank is easily appreciable, as is also the fate that would befall him should he miss his mark.

Burns is hoisted up to his aerial perch by means of a rope and pulley. The spectators can barely discern him through that distance of perpendicular space. They see him peer over the platform edge, then they see his toes project over, he crouches down, and then he glides off the platform head foremost, and comes plunging down with stiffly outstretched arms, and hands meeting in front of him in regular "header" fashion. But when little more than halfway down his feet fall over his back toward his head, he turns almost completely over, and before the murmur of excitement and horror that is the usual accompaniment to the dive has voiced itself he strikes the water with his shoulders and back with a prodigious thud. He skims just under the surface of the water, seeming barely to enter it, and comes up face upward. He scarcely breathes hard after the tremendous exploit, and goes off immediately to give an exhibition of fancy swimming in another part of the building. The wonderful skill, the superb pluck and the unmistakable element of danger involved in the feat, together with the not remote prospect of a horrible catastrophe, bring crowds to behold this latest sensation.

Queer Place to Go to Sleep.

There can be no doubt that a man who is able to obtain deep and refreshing slumber on the floor of the tumultuous stock exchange day after day is a person capable of telling a remarkable story. He is a well-to-do broker, and his name, for the purposes of this narrative, is Verity. This is what he told the writer the other day: "About a year ago I began to be troubled with insomnia. At first the attacks were occasional, but at the end of three months I found it impossible to obtain any restful sleep. I consulted my physician and he was able to help me for a few nights. His remedies soon failed to be effective, and after awhile the nights became to be periods to torturing wakefulness. Of course I tried to attend to my business, but I could feel that my nervous system was giving way. One day while on the floor of the stock exchange I sank into a chair, from sheer exhaustion and almost immediately went to sleep. It was then about 12 o'clock, and I slept soundly until 3 o'clock. My fellow-brokers, evidently thinking it a good joke on me, let me slumber undisturbed. On the following day I had a similar experience, and since then I have found no difficulty in dropping off to sleep instantly amid the bustle and noise of the stock exchange."—New York Times.

Greatest Ruins in the World.

George Curzon, the English member of Parliament, recently returned from a seven months' tour of the far east, and in giving a Pall Mall Budget man an account of his wanderings said that he had visited the ruins of the Angkor, an ancient Chinese city, with remains of the most magnificent and stupendous character. He photographed the temple of Angkor Wat, which, it is supposed, was built by the Kumers, who came from India between A. D. 700 and 1100. The ruins of these temples and palaces, Mr. Cuazon thinks, are the most remarkable in the world. They are situated in the midst of a tropical forest. The forest growth is so thick that to approach them it is necessary to cut a way with billhooks. So dense was the undergrowth that the journey to some of the ruins was made in darkness. So little is known about them and so thoroughly are they hidden by the forest that many of the people in the neighborhood have forgotten the actual site.

Fatal to Cholera Bacilli.

The imperial health office in Berlin has issued an announcement to the effect that oranges and lemons are both fatal to the cholera bacillus. Placed in contact with the cut surface of the fruit, the bacteria survive but a few hours. They remain active for some time longer on the uninjured rind of the fruit, but even then they die within twenty-four hours. The destructive property as regards the cholera bacteria is supposed to be due to the large amount of acid contained in those fruits. In consequence of this quality the health officer considers it unnecessary to place any restriction on the transit and sale of these fruits, even if it should be ascertained that they come from places where cholera is prevalent at the time. Not a single instance was noted in which cholera was disseminated by either oranges or lemons.—New Orleans Picayune.

Too Much.

Mrs. Kingley—"Your new gown last night was a great success."

Mrs. Bingo (placidly)—"Yes. Everybody seemed struck by it."

Bobbie Bingo—"Papa said it floored him."

AN OPEN QUESTION.

One of the Dangers of Attending the World's Fair at Chicago.

Mr. Clum—"Ah, is this Mr. and Mrs. Brownlee's baby boy?" Mary Ann—"It was, sor, befoor they lift fer th' fair." Mr. Clum—"What do you mean?" Mary Ann—"Shure, an' how can Oi till pwhich av thim will have baby after they git back from Chicago?"

Some people's eyes are a regular pair of stares.—Rochester Democrat.

In the drama of life the ocean has the principal role.—Yonker's Statesman.

The man who is canvassing for a new dictionary wants a word with you.—Picayune.

An empty bottle as often brings a message of a wreck on land as at sea.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

The man who was dissatisfied with the menagerie said it was a beastly affair.—Binghamton Leader.

It is not difficult to be generous to a fault when that fault happens to be one's own.—Boston Transcript.

The birds were the first spring poets. Their lays are good and on nest ones.—Philadelphia Times.

It wasn't until women started in to improve her mathematics that she began to count for much.—Troy Press.

"I will now write something in a light and airy vein," said the clerk who makes out gas bills.—Washington Star.

No, Maud, dear, the chickweed and the eggplant are not members of the same botanical family.—Philadelphia Record.

With little men it may be different, but when a tall man finds himself short he is always embarrassed.—Buffalo Courier.

The true sportsman will never figure out how much less it would have cost him to buy his fish than to catch it.—Washington Star.

A Contan sportsman wants the game laws amended so that book agents can be legally killed from Sept. 1 to Oct. 1.—Oil City Blizzard.

You can tell more about a man's character by trading horses with him than you can by hearing him talk in prayer-meeting.—Ram's Horn.

A lady says that she could always know when she had taken just too much wine at dinner—her husband's jokes began to seem funny.—Siftings.

Although the corner grocery isn't supposed to be stocked with electricity, the corner groceryman is called upon to charge a good many things.—Buffalo Courier.

The process of trying to get an office is very simple. First the applicants file their applications, then the party in authority polishes them off.—Philadelphia Times.

Bagleigh—It's my opinion that Brown hasn't half the brains he thinks he has. Wagleigh—Probably not; but did you ever think how nicely he could get along with even less than that?—Detroit Tribune.

An undertaker in Union, Tenn., recently used his hearse in pursuing his daughter, who had eloped with his assistant. Could the undertaker overtaker is a problem left unsolved by the accounts.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Dreams.

"Dreams are funny things," said Harlow, as he entered the club the other day and saw Wilkins sitting alone in the reading room.

"Aren't they though?" said Wilkins. "I had one last night in which I—"

"I went to bed early for a change night before last," interrupted Harlow, "and I suppose I must have slept two hours before I began to dream about—"

"—thought I was in a balloon sailing over the African desert. Below me stretched mile after mile of sandy waste. I was—" continued Wilkins.

"—a dog I used to own. He was a dandy little Scotch terrier named Jeff. I lost him off in the mountains one day," said Harlow, not to be put off in telling his dream. "I thought Jeff came back to me, walking on his hind legs, and dressed in a frock coat and neatly pressed lavender trou—"

"—alone in the balloon, when all of a sudden I heard a great roar below, and looking out of the—" Wilkins went on.

"—sers. It made me laugh to see the dear old dog dressed that way, and I said to him, 'Why, Jeff, where have you been?' 'Oh,' said he, with a smile, 'I heard a man tell a fellow one day that he ought to try his poems on a—'" said Harlow.

"—car to see what it was that made the noise. I saw a huge lion in the desert howling for all he was worth," said Wilkins. "I began to congratulate myself that I was up in a bal—"

"—dog," continued Harlow. "So I left you and got a position with a publication in Chicago. All the po—"

"—loon," persisted Wilkins. "But no sooner had I done so when the balloon sank, and I found myself present at a reception in Boston, and the hostess, as I turned to see where I was at, came up and asked me if I had met the lion. I said no, I didn't care for any lions in mine, but she insisted that I should be introduced, and took me up to—"

"—ema that come in are tried on me first, and if I don't have fits, they go. If I do, they don't.' Queer, wasn't it?"

"—the lion, and it turned out to be a literary lion. Funny, eh?"

Wilkins. } "What was your dream
Harlow. } about?"—Harper's Bazar.

Providence and Uncle Timothy.

Away up on the hills of Hardscrabble lived odd old uncle Timothy Walrath.

Regularly, every Saturday of the week, and the year, he used to go down to the little hamlet in the valley and peddle a bushel basket full of eggs.

One unusually severe season, even for Hardscrabble, because of the drought, the inhabitants, bemoaning the hard times, expressed their fears that they would soon, also, be deprived of their weekly allowance of eggs, if matters did not speedily mend.

But one faithful old deacon hopefully declared that providence would provide.

"Yes," said the cheerful old vendor of eggs, "and if He won't, uncle Timothy will."

Self-Possession.

Fleecy—"I'd give anything if I had as good command of myself as Downey has."

Bailey—"Is Downey so self possessed then?"

Fleecy—"That man can say 'truly rural' up to four o'clock in the morning."

BRITISH SLAVE-TRADING.

Historical Sketch of the Traffic by Henry M. Stanley.

From the year when Vasco da Gama rounded the Cape of Good Hope (1497), to the year 1807, when the British government prohibited the exportation of slaves over the high seas, is a period of 310 years. During all this time Africa was surrendered to the cruelty of the slave-hunter and the avarice of the slave-trader. While its people were thus subject to capture and expatriation, it was clearly impossible that any intellectual or moral progress could be made by them. The greater number of those accessible from the coast were compelled to study the best methods of avoiding the slaver and escaping his force and his wiles; the rest only thought of the arts of kidnapping their innocent and unsuspecting fellow-creatures. Yet, ridiculous as it may appear to us, there were not wanting zealous men who devoted themselves to Christianizing the savages who were moved by such an opposite spirit. In Angola, Congo, and Mozambique, and far up the Zambezi, missionaries erected churches and cathedrals; bishops and priests were appointed, who converted and baptized, while at the mouths of the Niger, the Congo, and the Zambezi their countrymen built slave-barracoons and anchored their murderous slave-ships. European governments legalized and sanctioned the slave trade, the public conscience of the period approved it, the mitred heads of the Church blessed the slave gangs as they marched to the shore, and the tax-collector received the levy per head as lawful revenue.

But here and there during these guilty centuries words of warning are not wanting. Queen Elizabeth, upon being informed of the forcible capture of Africans for the purposes of sale, exclaims solemnly that "such actions are detestable, and will call down vengeance on the perpetrators." When Las Casas, in his anxiety to save his Indians, suggests that Africans be substituted for them, the Pope, Leo X., declares that "not only the Christian religion but Nature herself cried out against such a course."

One hundred and sixty-five years after the discovery of the Cape, Sir John Hawkins pioneers the way for England to participate in the slave trade, hitherto carried on by the Portuguese, the Spanish, and the Dutch.

A century later a king of England, Charles II., heads an English company which undertakes to supply the British West Indies yearly with 30,000 negroes.

After the Asiento Contract, under which for thirty years England secured the monopoly of supplying the Spanish West Indies with slaves, as many as 192 ships were engaged every year in the transportation of slaves from the African coast. The countries which suffered most from the superior British method of slave capturing and trading and slave-carrying were Congo land, the Niger Valley, the Guinea and Gold coasts, the Gambia, Cross, and Calabar lands.

The system adopted by the British crews in those days was very similar to that employed by the Arabs to day in inner Africa. They landed at night, surrounded the selected village, and then set fire to the huts, and as the frightened people issued out of the burning houses, they were seized and carried to the ships; or sometimes the skipper, in his hurry to sea, sent his crew to range through the town he was trading with, and, regardless of rank, to seize upon every man, woman, and child they met. Old Town, Creek Town, and Duke Town, in Old Calabar, have often witnessed this summary and high-handed proceeding.

Boswell, the biographer of Dr. Johnson, called the slave trade "an important and necessary branch of commerce"; and probably the largest section of the British public, before those antislavery champions Clarkson and Wilberforce succeeded in persuading their countrymen to reflect a little, shared Boswell's views, as well as his surprise and indignation, when it became known that there were English people who talked of suppressing it.

That the slave trade must have been a lucrative commerce there can be no doubt, when we consider that from 1777 to 1807 upwards of 3,000,000 Africans had been sold in the West Indies. All those forts which may be seen lining the west coast of Africa to-day were constructed principally by means of the revenue derived from the slave tax.—From "Slavery and the Slave Trade in Africa," by Henry M. Stanley, in Harper's Magazine.

A Gilt-Edged Risk.

Life Insurance President (in astonishment)—What under the sun ever made you take a risk on this man's life? Why, he swears he has been a confirmed invalid for five years!

Superintendent—One of the best of risks, sir. Confirmed invalids never die of anything but old age.

Patti's Method.

Mme. Patti chooses her servants for Craig-y-Nos with reference to their vocal powers rather than to their domestic capabilities. Her castle is always crowded with guests and operatic performances in the little theatre are frequent, when it is necessary for her to recruit her troupe from the servants' hall.

A Sure Cure.

Von Blumer—You haven't another cigar like the one you gave me the other day, have you?

Williertry—Yes, here's one.

Von Blumer—Thanks, old man. I'm trying to break my boy from smoking.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Her Sweetheart.

Carrie—"I think Hattie has gone out to moon."

Fannie—"What's to moon?"

Carrie—"Don't you know what that is?"

Fannie (catching on)—"Oh, but why moon!"

Carrie—"Because there's a man in it."

Woman's Way.

"I'll never send a manuscript of another novel to a woman typewriter," said de Ruyter.

"Why not?"

"The last time I tried it she copied the last chapter first."

Saying It.

Nemo—Bah, that woman can't talk a little bit.

Noone—Why, I thought she talked incessantly.

Nemo—Well, isn't that what I said?—Godey's.

He Did.

She—You used to say before we were married that you would give up your life for me.

He—Well, didn't I? I haven't had any life since we were married.

Not Completely Intoxicated.

Holmes—Hewlett, you were the most completely drunk man I ever saw last night.

Hewlett—No I wasn't. My better half was sober.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,

5 Gordon St., Victoria.

This first-class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. may 1-3m

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

ABSOLUTELY
Cures Lost Power, Nervous Debility, Night Losses, Diseases caused by Abuse, Over Work, Indiscretion, Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, Lack of Energy, Lost Memory, Headache and Wakefulness.
Young, middle-aged or old men suffering from the effects of follies and excesses, restored to perfect health, manhood and vigor. RELIEF TO THOUSANDS BY THIS MARVELOUS REMEDY.

A Cure is Guaranteed!

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In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

IN CHAMBERS.

In the matter of the "Quieting Titles Act." And in the matter of the Title to Lot Twenty-six (26), Subdivision of Block "N," Victoria West, being portion of Section 31, Esquimalt District, British Columbia.

NOTICE is hereby given that Robert Semple of the City of Victoria, B. C., has made an application under the "Quieting Titles Act" in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, for a Declaration of Title to the land above described, and has produced evidence before the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake whereby he appears to be the owner thereof in fee simple free from all encumbrances. Therefore any person having or pretending to have any title or interest in the said land, or any part thereof, is required on or before the 16th day of July, now next ensuing, to file a statement of his claim, certified by affidavit, with the Registrar of the Supreme Court, at the Supreme Court House, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C., and to serve a copy on Mr. H. G. Hall, of 12 Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C., Solicitor for the said Robert Semple, and in default of doing so every such claim will be barred and the said Robert Semple will be entitled to be registered as owner in fee simple in possession of the said land above described, subject only to the reservations contained in the 23rd section of the Act above mentioned.

Approved, HARVEY COMBE,
Deputy Registrar of Supreme Court.
Dated this 8th day of April, 1893. ap14-3mw

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 33, 34, 35 36 and 39 Lake District.

WHEREAS the certificate of title of George Henry Wilson Brown, dated the third day of April, 1875, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. NOTICE is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Register General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 21st June, 1893. j23-1m-w

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All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.

No Other Route can Possibly Compete

Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.

Look at the Map.

A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.

Concentrators and Samplers

Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

RAND BROS.,
General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.
LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Agents, VICTORIA.

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WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.

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THE SEALERS.

Letter From the Schooner Algar Received in San Francisco.

The following letter from the Algar was received in San Francisco last Thursday. It contains news of interest for Victoria owners, although on some points they have received later information:

"From fifty to sixty American and Canadian schooners are hunting on the Japanese coast this season, and as the fishing ground is only 700 miles long by 350 wide few heavy catches will be made, but the aggregate will be large.

The hunting is all true pelagic, as no vessel cruises nearer the coast than 15 miles, and some are out 300. Almost the entire fleet, as well as the schooners now on the American coast, will make for the vicinity of the Copper islands later on, but few of them will go nearer than 50 miles of the islands. But few accidents have so far been reported. The schooner Alton of San Francisco lost a boat containing Harry Cook, a hunter and two sailors. Two days later a heavy gale sprang up. The boat was afterwards picked up, but the men were gone. The captain of the Victoria schooner City of San Diego nearly lost his life by an explosion of powder on board that vessel, but escaped with a few severe burns. The only damage sustained by the vessel was a big hole blown through the roof of the cabin, which compelled her to put into Hakodate for repairs. The Algar spoke the steamer Alexander on May 10th with 1,900 skins on board. Like the other sealers, Capt. Dan McLean had no intention of raiding the rookeries. The catch so far as reported shows the Algar to be high hook. She had 2,005 skins. May 2nd the Rattler of San Francisco was spoken with 425 skins; on May 10th the J. P. Eppinger had 675; May 17th the Bowhead had 700. Two days later the May Belle of Victoria was spoken with 1,426; Mary Ellen with 953, and the Penelope with 1,100. May 31st the Mary Brown of San Francisco had 896, the Lillyt L. 700, Agnes McDonald of Victoria reported 1,200, Viva 1,100 and the Carlotta Cox 1,400. May 25th the Sadie Turpel reported 800 skins, and five days later the Casco was spoken with 1,100 on board. The bark Charles W. Morgan reported having captured three sperm whales. Every port on the Japan coast except Yokohama and Hakodate is closed against the sealers this year by order of the Japanese government. One of the schooners was forbidden to enter Tamoda for water, although her casks were almost empty. This action on the part of the government is said to be due to the fact that last season several of the crews got drunk and riotous and gave the local authorities lots of trouble. If the order is strictly enforced it will spoil the catch of many of the vessels, as several are only waiting for a breeze to run in and fill their water casks at the various ports along the coast. The Algar will call at Hakodate again in July to ship her catch to London. The weather since May 1st has been very unfavorable for sealing, as three heavy northwest gales have been experienced, together with lots of fog. Three boats are on the beach at Hakodate, one from the Sadie Turpel and two from the Maud S., both Victoria schooners. One of the boats was twelve days reaching here, and the others were picked up and brought in by a steamer after being lost four days."

STRUCK A ROCK.

After Five Years a Mystery of the Sea is Cleared Up.

The fate of the new Japanese cruiser Unebikan has long been one of the mysteries of the sea. All that is known of her is that with a Japanese crew of over three hundred men she sailed from France, where she was built for the government on practically the same plans as the American cruiser Charleston, and after passing Singapore she was never heard from. Not a survivor has ever appeared, nor has a trace of wreckage ever been discovered.

Now, five years after this disaster, the first intimation of her fate comes from the Pescadores, a group of islands off the China coast, which have seen in the last twenty years a large number of disastrous wrecks. A missionary named Campbell was recently sent by the citizens of Hong Kong to distribute among the inhabitants of the Pescadores rewards for saving lives of some of the survivors of the wrecked passenger steamer Bokhara. Unlike most of the natives of the coast, these islanders did everything in their power for the castaways, and a fund has been raised in Hong Kong to reward them. The Bokhara, a large passenger steamer, went down on the reef off Sand island, one of the Pescadores, in the great typhoon of last October. Only half a dozen were saved, as the captain failed to warn the passengers in time, and nearly all were drowned like rats in a trap. In the same storm the British steamer Norman was lost.

Mr. Campbell in distributing these rewards ascertained that a third vessel, a sailing vessel, went down in this typhoon. He learned from the natives that a rock, not down on the chart, lies to the westward of Bird Island, and that upon this rock, which is only exposed when the sea is very calm, many wrecks have occurred during the last 20 years. Some intelligent natives gave Mr. Campbell a vivid and detailed account of the wreck of a large Japanese vessel on the rock several years ago. They could not fix the date precisely, but from the description of the vessel and the large number of the crew it is inferred that she must have been the Unebikan. The natives said that fishermen were out in their boats, but they could not approach the rock because of the terrible sea. The rocks, which were just awash at low tide, were crowded with men, who gesticulated frantically for help. The fishermen could have saved a few, but as there were more than a hundred of the unfortunates they dared not venture near for fear of a rush that would have swamped their frail boats. When they turned away and the castaways saw that death was sure the air was filled with their shrieks of agony. The next day the fishermen returned with their boats, but in the meantime the tide had come in and not a trace of the shipwrecked crew could be seen.

From all sources Mr. Campbell secured as definite information as possible regarding the rock and the neighboring reefs, and he has recommended that a good lighthouse be placed on the nearest spot, which is North Island. In his opinion it would save many lives and thousands of dollars.

OTTO VON BISMARCK.

A Study of the Great German's Personality and Character.

G. W. Smalley in one of his recent letters to the New York Tribune thus depicts the "man of blood and iron": "Prince Bismarck, when I first saw him in 1866, was a major of cuirassiers. He has risen—slowly, inasmuch as he had other things than soldiering to do—to be general, and that is his rank in the army to-day.

He was now in black from head to foot; black double-breasted frock-coat, buttoned to the throat across the chest, relieved by no order or decoration, or any touch of color, except that he wore round his neck a yellow, pale yellow, or perhaps a cream colored, soft silk neckcloth, something like the cravat which prevailed in England in the earlier part of the century, but less voluminous, and tied carelessly. He wore no collar. He wore his coat, as I said, like a uniform. It set off the breadth of the shoulders, the depth of the chest, and the whole huge framework and vast body which of itself seemed to fill the room, whether he stood or sat. He towered far above everybody. His manner when he walked down the room as we came in was, above everything, that of the host anxious to welcome his guests. * * *

E. and I were both, as we afterwards agreed, struck by the same thing at first—by the kindliness, the geniality of manner, the human and friendly quality in him which came at once to the surface. * * * * * * * *

The power of the head and face is what it was. Age has altered, not impaired it. The firmness of outline remains. The muscles of the neck have not lost their elasticity, the head rises aloft and alert; in the carriage of it something almost defiant and victorious, as of one who all his life long has had enemies to deal with, and the habit of overcoming them. The lines and outlines are drawn with a free hand and a wide sweep; with the breadth to which nature more often attains when she works on a great scale, as in fashioning a mountain range or shaping a continent. The actual measurements of the skull must be extraordinary. I do not know what they are, but no figure could express the sense of intellectual force and force of character. * * *

The face is the man, with all his individuality, and the eyes are the man. They are deep blue—the blue seems to have grown deeper with years—large, full, wide apart, beautiful in repose, and capable of expressing, without any help from the other features, the most various moods: authority, tenderness, anger, and many others. The dry light of pure intelligence seems their natural expression till it changes into some other, and when they are turned upon an individual or a Parliament in a spirit of enquiry, they look through and through the individual or the Parliament. The power of penetrating character, of judging men, has ever been one of his gifts, and one of his sources of mastery in public affairs, and this also you see in those piercing orbs, the light of which is the next moment peaceful and kindly. The eyebrows, which are very heavy, are not so much tangled as interwoven: the full tufts of white hair braiding themselves into strands. The moustache, which overhangs without concealing the mouth or much altering the expression of the lips, follows the lines of the mouth, which at either end it closely embraces.

The masterful strength of all the lower part of the face is but the counterpart of the upper; the capaciousness of the brain and the willfulness of the character are each indicated clearly; neither is out of proportion; there is neither excess of intelligence nor excess of firmness; the two are in harmony, and you would never fear that mere activity of mind should turn into particularism nor that mere determination should paralyze the thinking faculties; nor has either of these catastropes occurred in actual life. The work of his life has, of course, left its mark upon the worker. The figure before you, with its simple and beautiful dignity, is the history of Germany for thirty years; a new Thirty Years' War, as beneficent as the old one was destructive. Prince Bismarck, and not the youthful Hohenzollern at Potsdam, is the incarnation of Imperial Germany.

Mr. and Mrs. Wordsworth.

Mrs. Wordsworth, with all her beauty of expression, was undoubtedly a plain woman; and this is what may be called putting the fact into plain language. But if she could make no boast of good looks, neither was the poet himself remarkable for beauty of feature or comeliness of form; while his extreme attention to little matters of detail in dress was always more or less marked.

I cannot forbear quoting an amusing incident lately told me by an old friend (a grand neice of Mrs. Wordsworth, who, when a child in her parents' home at Durham, remembers one afternoon an announcement being made to her mother that a man wished to speak to her; and that as he appeared very tired, and seemed to have walked a long distance, he had been accommodated with a seat in the kitchen. My friend's mother, like most country residents, was not accustomed to interviewing people of all sorts and conditions, and having finished the letter upon which she was engaged, proceeded leisurely to the kitchen, expecting perhaps some application for employment, or, possibly, to hear a tale of sickness or distress among her humbler neighbors. Her dismay may be imagined when, seated hat in hand upon a Windsor chair, and absently contemplating the weights of the Dutch clock upon the opposite wall, she discovered the poet laureate.

My informant, who was scarcely of an age to appreciate the beauty of the poet's conversation, confesses to an industrious though fruitless attempt on her part to count the number of buttons missing from the distinguished visitor's gaiters on this interesting occasion.—The Cornhill Magazine.

An Estimate of Meredith.

Among early features of the Pall Mall Magazine will be a serial by Mr. George Meredith. Lord Frederick Hamilton, the editor, thus expressed himself to a representative of Wit and Wisdom: Some people like to read what they don't understand. Mr. Meredith is admired by men of great attainments, but there is always a large class in this country who receive their opinions ready-made from their teachers, and this class have always a strong inclination towards anything bizarre. What is true in literature is true in art, and I believe that if I were to throw a paint pot on a strip of canvas I should get people to say that the 'painting' was 'full of soul,' 'steeped in riotous genius,' or a 'revelation of power.' However, please understand that this is not a back-handed reference to the great author you name, for we are proud of our Meredith contract, and the public will be grateful for it."

The Silver Depression.

"China and Japan are probably hardest hit of all by the depreciation in the value of silver," said an Oriental traveler aboard the Empress Tuesday. "The Chinese merchant who trades within the confines of his country is not affected, but the fellow who is in foreign trade suffers terribly in exchange. The country is flooded with the Mexican dollar long since depreciated in value, and the establishment of some standard or other will be a welcome thing. The principal Chinese and Japanese cities are very quiet at present, due largely to the silver depression."

A Land of Phenomena.

The northern half of the Island of Borneo is the queerest and most unsatisfactory place to live in that one could imagine, says a writer in the Globe-Democrat. It is a land of constantly recurring phenomena, where cyclones are frequent and deluges of water very common. The vegetation in that half is very fine, but in all probability the wildest and most tangled on earth—not even excepting that of Africa. The cause of all the trouble is the shallow condition of the sea north of it, great shoals of sand existing a few miles out which extend along its entire northern length. These shoals are covered by a depth of water not over five feet deep. The constantly recurring winds that blow in that climate change to hurricanes and sweep the smaller islands of all visible life. When such a storm strikes the sand shoals north of Borneo it sweeps up the shallow water into its course and drenches the island with it. Often it gathers up sand, great masses of it, from the clear-swept shoal and whirls it for miles over the island, carrying it into the island and scattering it everywhere. The work of these storms does not always end with that. Entire shoals of fish, of all sizes, have been swept up time and again by the fierce winds with the water and sand and scattered about Borneo. In some places the ground would be literally covered with fish, enough to supply a heavy population for weeks. But such luck is reparation for the evil the winds do, and consequently the northern half will never be inhabited by those who value their lives.

The standard blood purifier, strength builder and nerve helper is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Insist upon Hood's, because Hood's Cures.

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Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.

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F. W. Nolte & Co.,

(Successors to Ryam)

37 FORT STREET.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, Carl Strouss and Emanuel Bloomingdale, doing business on Wharf street, in the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name and style of "C. Strouss & Co.," was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to us are authorized and directed to pay the amount of their accounts to Emanuel Bloomingdale, to whom they have been assigned, and who will carry on the business at the old stand and under the old name.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1893.

(Signed) CARL STROUSS.

(Signed) EMANUEL BLOOMINGDALE

Witness, (Sgd.) Francis B. Gregory.

j23-1m-d&w

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4 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
½ acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $30 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $2000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
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A. HYAMS - - Manager

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The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

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PRISONER DAY IS SEEN.

He Chats at Port Angeles With a Victorian About His Escape.

HOW HE GOT OFF THE ISLAND.

He Has Grown Whiskers, is Sunburned and Has Lost Flesh, But Feels in Good Health, Only He Yearns for a Good Square Meal.

Day is in Port Angeles, or rather he was there to celebrate Independence day. This is the latest report of the whereabouts of the wily prisoner who shammed sickness so successfully that even the medical men believed his story, and who escaped from the Jubilee Hospital two weeks ago. The report is verified by a man who knew Day in Victoria. This gentleman took in the excursion and met Day. Day said that he was tired of being on the island so long and thought that he would take a little trip for the good of his health. Port Angeles he thought a quiet resort. He said that he would stay in Port Angeles a day or two, and afterwards push further south. The nights were too chilly in this northern climate, and it put him to too much inconvenience to look out for the provincial police. In the sunny south, he added with a smile to his friend, he could be fanned by the soft zephyrs and give himself up to reveries uninterrupted.

Day told the story of his escape. He said that he asked his guard, who was watching him at the hospital, to go to fetch him a drink of water. The guard left for the water and he jumped through the window. He was in his night shirt, and he felt the cold very keenly. When he found himself secure from the police he purchased clothing, made for a boat which he had in waiting and pulled for the American shore and for liberty. He breathed more freely when on the American soil, but he even then knew that he was not safe and kept in hiding, only coming into Port Angeles, where he landed in the night. When he arrived at Port Angeles he provided himself with more suitable clothing than that which he had hastily purchased the morning of his escape. When seen in Port Angeles he was neatly attired, though his clothing was somewhat dusty. He had lost considerable of his weight and was a changed man.

"Don't you know me?" he said to the person who saw him.

"No, I do not," was the reply.

"I am Day," added the escaped prisoner, and an exclamation of surprise was in order from the Victoria visitor to Angeles.

"It may get into the papers that I am here," said Day, "but I do not care. When the story appears I shall be many miles away. I have been here long enough. I do hope that they will let my wife out of prison. I have been watching the Victoria papers with great interest. I read all about them looking for me with the pretty naphtha launch. I saw the naphtha launch myself, but it was far away. Just as I pulled to sea to make my escape I was intercepted by a party of Indians in a canoe. They looked as if they wanted to stop me. I showed them a revolver and they quickly paddled in an opposite direction. You see that I am getting rather thin. I do not live on the fat of the land now. I have not had a really good square meal for a long time, but the loss of my flesh seems to make me healthier. I have quite a growth of these"—and Day rubbed his hands against a fortnight's good growth of beard.

"I have tanned up quite a little, and no wonder you did not know me. I suppose that you would like me to tell you something more, but I think that I cannot. I just wanted to give the police a pointer to give up hunting for me on the island and come over on this side. Good-bye, old fellow. Will let you know how I get on." Day doffed his hat, smiled and disappeared in the crowd of merry excursionists, and no doubt helped to celebrate the Fourth with as much interest as any.

"I would never have known the man," said the person who met him. I have known Day for years, and would not have recognized him if he had not hailed me."

Christian Endeavor Meeting.

Montreal, July 6.—This has been a day of quiet enjoyment for the Christian Endeavor people in this city. This afternoon President Clark, Secretary Baer and Treasurer Shaw met in secret session with the board of trustees, for prayer and transaction of business. The session lasted from 1 o'clock till after 6 this evening. Much interest was felt in this meeting for it was expected that the officers would be re-elected and the place of meeting in 1895 decided upon. Neither of these was done, and the meeting closed with the work in the hands of the committee appointed for the purpose. Both matters will be decided at a meeting to be held to-morrow afternoon. On behalf of San Francisco as the next meeting place, Rollott Watt, of that city, appeared to press its claim. In five of the city churches to-night prayer meetings were held with addresses from some of the prominent delegates. The proceedings were taken part in by a number of of the delegates. Christian endeavor hymns were sung by the congregations.

Montreal, July 6.—The Christian Endeavor convention got down to business this morning. At ten o'clock they were welcomed to the city by representatives of Montreal's religious life. At half-past six they had prayer meetings in half a dozen of the largest city churches, but it was not until ten o'clock when the first meeting was held at the drill hall that Montreal had an opportunity of fully appreciating the great multitude that gathered in this city within the past 24 hours. The drill hall is a vast structure—a regiment can manoeuvre with ease on its spacious floor—but it was filled to overflowing with delegates to the twelfth annual convention. On the platform were representative clergymen of the leading cities of the continent.

General American Dispatches.

Norfolk, W. Va., July 5.—The identity of the old man who was drowned from the steamer Guyandoke last Thursday night, and who it was thought had $100,000 in his possession, has been discovered by the Norfolk Virginian. He was Cicero Harrison Case, who came from Canada to Norfolk last October with his daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Wallace, and his grandchild. Mr. Case lived here until last month, when he moved to Point Norfolk, a town three miles from this city. He left that place on June 21st for a trip north, and on his return last Thursday he visited his daughter, at whose house he remained until three o'clock. He presented his grandchild with his watch and a quantity of money amounting to $2,000, and took an affectionate leave of his daughter.

New York, July 6.—The Chamber of Commerce to-day at a big meeting passed a resolution asking the repeal of the silver purchase clause in the Sherman bill, only three votes being recorded against the resolution.

Omaha, July 6.—The American Savings Bank suspended this morning with deposits of $153,000; assets $250,000. It was involved in the embarrassment of the American Loan and Trust Co., through the Omaha and South Texas Land Co.

Wheeling, W. Va., July 6.—Ex-Sheriff Curtiss of Brook county has disappeared, and his accounts with the county are said to be $30,000 short.

STONECUTTERS COMPLAIN.

They Say They Can Get no Work on the Government Buildings.

The stonecutters of the city have been complaining that they have been unable to obtain work on the Government buildings while outside men are being employed. They said that although Victoria stonecutters have been idle for some time and are still idle, advertisements have appeared in San Francisco and other United States papers calling for 50 stonecutters to come to Victoria and work on the new buildings. These advertisements, they said, stated that $4 a day would be paid for nine hours' work. The regular union price in Victoria is $4.50 for eight hours' work. A meeting of the union is to be held this evening to consider the question.

Mr. Phillips, the contractor for the new buildings, claims that there is no foundation for these complaints. It is true that all the men at present at work on the buildings are outsiders, but they are granite cutters, while the Victorians who are idle are sandstone cutters. He said that he would give any granite cutters employment and in a few days would have lots of work for all the idle sandstone cutters. He knew nothing about the advertisements in the San Francisco and other outside papers. All his stonecutters would be paid $4.50 for eight hours' work.

KENNEDY GOING NORTH.

The Murderer is Near Port Neville—New Volunteer Company.

Vancouver, July 6.—The city is still without water, but promises are made for to-day. City fathers are casting about for means to obviate trouble from future breakages in the Narrows, and the city engineer has been instructed to make borings into the substrata with a view to tunneling under the Narrows.

A logger who arrived on the steamer Comox last night says he saw Kennedy off Green Point rapids on Tuesday afternoon, and that the steamer Stella had passed in the morning, Kennedy having concealed himself successfully. He was making towards the north and was near Port Neville.

Capt. T. O. Townley has received his commission to enlist volunteers for the company of garrison artillery for Vancouver.

Reports from Fraser river settlements give the potato crop as a failure. In some cases the seed of the second planting has rotted in the ground.

The trustees for the bond holders accepted the city's offer of $300,000 for the street railway, but the shareholders of the company are not satisfied and make a counter-proposition. A meeting was held this morning of the council, trustees and company, but nothing definite was done.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

YACHTING.

THE TOWNSEND REGATTA.

The regatta at Port Townsend on Tuesday took place under favorable circumstances, there being a good breeze and a number of yachts entered. The Grace Felitz was first in the first class, but the Myth again beat her as she did here, making a phenomenal run. She was allowed first place in the second class only. The Petrel and Victoria of this port did nothing of note. The entries and winners were:—

Class A—Entries, Margery, Gracie Felitz, Xora and Kelpie—Won by the Gracie Felitz in 1:45:53; Kelpie second.

Class B—Entries, Edna M. and Earl, of Seattle; Petrel, of Victoria; McLaren, of Tacoma; Francel, of Port Townsend; Hornet, of Fairhaven, and Myth, of Fairhaven—Won by the Myth in 1:32:20, in fact, winning by beating the competitors of all classes.

Class C—Entries, Hettie Bell, of Port Townsend; Idlewild, of Seattle; Wanda, of Fairhaven, and Victoria, of Victoria—Won by the Hettie Bell in 1:51:41.

Class D—Entries, Shadow and Swallow, of Port Townsend; Bremerton, of Seattle—Won by the latter in 1:07:40.

The International Association met in the evening. The following delegates were present:—Thomas Anderson, Anacortes; E. B. Leaming and G. E. Simpson, Bellingham Bay; A. Gamwell and Captain McKay, Fairhaven; John Barneson and Frank Perrot, Port Townsend; F. E. Sanders and G. Y. Johnson, Seattle; P. Savery, Tacoma; J. H. Seeley and H. R. Foot, Victoria.

New Whatcom was decided upon as the place of holding the next annual regatta of the association, on July 4th, 1894. On the suggestion of the members from Victoria a fourth class was added to the present list of prize contestants, this list to include boats under thirty-five feet with ballast keel. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—E. B. Leaming of Whatcom, president; Arthur Gamwell of Fairhaven, secretary; H. R. Foot of Victoria, treasurer; Commodore Fred E. Sander of Seattle, vice-president; executive committee, L. A. Wheeler of Whatcom, John Barneson of Port Townsend, C. B. Hurley of Tacoma; Captain John Barneson of Port Townsend, admiral; Captain J. A. Hatfield of Seattle, vice-admiral; H. R. Foot of Victoria, commodore; W. H. Heilbron of Seattle, fleet captain. A resolution was adopted expressing the thanks of the association for treatment received at the hands of the citizens of Victoria and Port Townsend during the two recent regattas.

James Seeley arrived home yesterday. He was greatly pleased with the success of teh regatta and the hospitality of Port Townsend. He went across during the gale on Monday and had a hard time of it.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

Thos. Forster, M.P.P., is in the city.

Mrs. L. M. Starr of Oakland is in the city.

Col. A. J. Kane returned from the Sound yesterday.

Mayor Beaven returned from the Sound yesterday.

Mrs. E. Sheridan of Tacoma is at the Dominion Victoria.

N. S. Hoffar of Vancouver is registered at the Oriental.

Dr. G. C. Wagner and wife of Tacoma are in the city.

George Grisdale of Nelson is among the guests at the Victoria.

W. F. Archibald and Mrs. Archibald have returned from the Sound.

R. McK. Fripp, architect, of Vancouver, is in the city on business.

Georg and Jos. Weiler, of Weiler Bros., have returned from Chicago.

A. R. Jones and wife of Chicago are guests at the Hotel Victoria.

W. L. Challoner, of Challoner & Mitchell, has returned from the east.

T. M. O'Brien of New Westminster is registered at the Hotel Victoria.

The Misses Hattie and Annie Mackintosh are visiting relatives at Duncan's.

W. Macfarlane and James Stephenson of Nanaimo are at the Hotel Victoria.

W. S. Simpson, the Hudson Bay Company's agent at McDame's Creek, is in the city.

Rev. Father Quinn of Montreal and Rev. Father Ray of Nicolet, Que., are at the Driard.

Charles Rattray and wife came over from Vancouver last evening. Mrs. Rattray has just returned from the east.

"Montserrat" Lime Juice is, without a single exception, the king of summer drinks, cooling, fragrant and delightfully pleasant. It should be on every table during the hot weather, and is always to be had where summer drinks are sold. No other drink is so wholesome or refreshing. Grocers and druggists.

Marine.

Steamer Queen will go north on Saturday.

Steamer Umatilla will leave for California on Saturday.

Steamer Cariboo annd Fly will leave for the north this evening.

Steamer Transfer will be ready for her trial trip in about ten days.

GEORGE AND MAY.

(Continued from page 1)

toilette for a travelling costume the bride and groom drove in an open carriage to Liverpool street station. The streets were packed, and they were received with a volley of cheers throughout the route. A special train of saloon carriages was in waiting to take them to Sandringham where the honeymoon will be spent in the little ten-roomed house built by the Prince of Wales and known as Bachelor Cottage.

Washington, July 6.—So far as known no congratulations were telegraphed by President Cleveland through the Secretary of State to the Duke of York upon the occasion of the latter's wedding today. Minister Pauncefote, however, cabled humble congratulations in behalf of himself and members of the embassy. The latter also subscribed for a handsome wedding gift. Ex-Secretary Bayard, minister plenipotentiary to the court of St. James, was among the diplomatic guests at the Chapel Royal this morning.

To enumerate the bridal gifts and the names of their presenters, received from all parts of the British Dominions, would be impossible.

Electricity at Small Cost.

Pompeo Garuti, of Milan, by charging a dynamo by means of falling water, with a wheel as its motor, obtains, at a marvellously small expense, electricity from the water; that is, the water is decomposed into its two constituent elements, hydrogen and oxygen, which pass absolutely pure into separate receptacles, ready to combine, and thus produce oxyhydrogen gas, which, whether it acts directly as a motor or as a means of heating water and changing it into vapor and then into a motive force, is superior to all other combustibles for reducing metals, fusing and soldering, and for purposes of illumination.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Miss Sheridan, E A Partridge, E Lidwell, Mrs Ewer and daughter, J G Sullivan and wife, G L Palmer, P H Young, Wm Morton, C P Haynes, Jacob Ween, B Stewart, Jno Dalton, R Robertson and wife, T Tollman, C Basford, W Ryke, J Gold, J W Morgar, R Patterson, W F Archibald and wife and child, E A Duffy, Wm Morse, J A McDonald, J O'Donnell, C D Keisouls, E Dayle, J Savannah, E J Malarkey and wife, Jno Peterson, Chas Peterson, Robert Barm, J L Leeds and wife, Robt Benan, A H Jones and wife, A Meyerson, E J Gray and wife, Mrs H W Bone, R C Morrison, Jno Dalton, A L Brooks, W C Hamsden, A Engle, W S Marshall, J Jones, Joe Ellis, M Reuse, Mrs Fraser, J Sehl, R J Ferguson, B Nevins and wife, C Hansen, Jno Perkins, Mrs A S Wilson, J Riley, T Boyd, F I O'Brien, Mrs L M Starr, P H Adams and wife, J H Mansell, W F Elliott and wife, F Wilson, J Sharp, W R Staples, J W Keeler, E J Durham, F McGregor, Miss Duffy, W McGregor, W Agnew, Miss McGregor, J Williams, A Lloyd, C Birch, J R Brown, A Collidge, J C Heart, J Frye, J Fisher, G Gibbs, Miss I Davis, Miss Jones, Mrs Clark, Mrs A Peterson, J Beamend, J Mullin, F W Ward, J W Griffith, Mrs Sterens, Mrs J Harris, Mrs M Jackson, H Wermson, C Cooper, F Cooper, T O Cooper, L Cooper, Miss Cooper, H R Hewson, R Jones, J Bergman, T Bergman, M J Lamis, J N Berry, Peter Miller, W Gray, T Conner, W L Doyle, E B Rice, J Reuel, A Willard, Col Kane, O Berlief, C R French, Jno Fraser, R Southby, C B Risdon, A Thompson, John Thompson, L M Rosine.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Dr G C Wagner, Mrs Wagner, A K Kennis, J Dowley, H J Brown, J McKay, Thos New, M C Jones, S Carr, Mrs C Rattray, G Grisdale, Mrs D J Mason, May Polson, S H Palmer, A J Brown, W Wilson, A Macne, Miss Phillips, Miss Osborn, Miss Thain, C Rattray, J Horner, Wm Gill, A McKay, Rev F Quinn, G A Campbell, C R King, Miss Ellis, A Boggs, C W Shaw, J M Holland, E Maxwell, S R Hoffer, R McK Fripp, J W McFarland, R J Surgeon, W H Whiteside, S M Collins, Mrs Collins, J M Hipp, Mrs Hipp, Mrs Humphreys, Dr Hearns, W Francis, A Shorter, Miss Hayes, Miss A Hayes, Miss E Hayes, Miss Smith, Thos Foster, R J Parker, Chas Ramos.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Turner R & Co, Mrs A L Wilson, Wilson Bros, S Leiser, Union Ice Co, H McAdie, A & W Wilson, Colbert & W.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—F C D, T S, K T W, Thompson & R, D H Changrains, Dom Cartridge Co, Victoria Brg Co, Drummond, Canada Paint Co, Hudson's Bay Co, Simon Leiser, Sehl H E Co, Dom Exp Co, Nat Elec Co.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttadw

A luxury of luxuries-Tamilkande Tea

REMOVAL NOTICE!

CAVIN BROS.

Boots & Shoes.

Will remove on July 17th from 34 Douglas St. to 94 Yates St., Wilson Block, the store occupied by Mr. J. C. Nicolles, Dealer in Japanese Goods.

To save the trouble and expense of moving we will sell our Stock of Boots and Shoes at

A Reduction of 10 per cent. for Cash

With every Cash purchase of $1 we give one ticket entitling the holder to a chance in our drawing for

OUR PRIZE PIANO,

which takes place on the evening of July 15th.

All persons indebted to Cavin Bros. are respectfully requested to settle the same before the 17th of present month.

tyd-1m

MILK GRANULES.

The Ideal Food for Infants!

It contains nothing that is not naturally present in pure cow's milk.

It is absolutely free from Starch, Glucose and Cane Sugar, and when dissolved in the requisite quantity of water it yields a product that is

The Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

The Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

Annual

SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE,

10 Days Only.

We have marked down our Surplus Stock for the Next 10 Days at prices to effect a speedy clearance.

Remnants, Oddments, Etc., in each Department at and BELOW COST.

Jackets, Mantles, Capes, Eatons, Zouaves, Etc., greatly reduced. These are new goods which arrived rather late in the season.

About 1,500 yards of Dress Goods, 60c. to $1 per yard, for the Sale, 40c. per yard.

Black Cashmeres reduced to less than cost, as we have been appointed agents for Marcus & Co.'s Bradford Washable Black Cashmeres.

12 pieces 54 in. Tweeds, usual $1 and $1.25, sale price 70c.

6 pieces all wool real French Challies. Beautiful goods—arrived too late for general trade, 60c., reduced to 35c.

LOOK OUT FOR FUTURE ADS.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Argyle House

SPECIAL BARGAINS

12 yards of Dress Goods for $1
12 yards of Flannelette for $1
12 yards 36 inch wide White Calico for $1
12 yards White Satin Stripe Muslin for $1
10 yards Brown Holland for $1
White Sheeting, 5 yards for $1
Unbleached Sheeting, 5 yds. for $1
Lace Curtains, 50c. per pair.
Remnants of Carpets, Very Cheap
A lot of Umbrellas and Parasols at Cost.
A Big Lot of Odd Lace Curtains at 25c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Sole Agents for Geo. E. Keith's Celebrated

American Boots & Shoes

A new lot of these goods just received. They are better finished, better made, better value than any other shoe in the market.

Our $3.00 Shoe, in Laced and Elastic, is made in half sizes and three widths.

Call and see them.

JAMES PATERSON, Manager Shoe Department.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS, 35 and 37 Johnson Street.

PICNIC PARTIES

EVERYTHING REQUIRED FOR A SUCCESSFUL PICNIC CAN BE OBTAINED AT

HENRY SAUNDERS'

39 and 41 JOHNSON STREET.

Canned Poultry, Meats, Soups, Fish, Fruits, Etc.
Temperance Beverages, Violet and Ginger Champagne
Finest Imported Ports, Sherries, Madeiras and Champagnes.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Reed, Rattan and Bamboo Furniture,
Comprising Novelties in
Chairs, Rockers, Couches, Tables, Cabinets, Screens, Easels, Etc., Etc.

Juvenile High Grade Safety Bicycles,
With solid rubber tires, with nickel mountings; warranted first-class in every particular, $25 each.

Baby Carriages, Children's Wagons and Boys' Velocipedes in Great Variety
Large Stock of High Grade Pressed Glassware.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1875.

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Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
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Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

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WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B.C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

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CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organised Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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